Terms of Publication.

THE WAYNESBURG REPUBLICAN, Office in Sayers' building, east of the Court House, is published every Wednesday morning, at **$2** per annum, IN ADVANCE, or **$2 50** if not paid within the year. **All subscription accounts MUST be settled annually.** No paper will be sent out of the State unless paid for IN ADVANCE, and all such subscriptions will invariably be discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they are paid.

Communications on subjects of local or general interest are respectfully solicited. To ensure attention favors of this kind must invariably be accompanied by the name of the author, not for publication, but as guaranty against imposition.

All letters pertaining to business of the office must be addressed to the Editor

The Waynesburg Republican.

JAS. E. SAYERS, FIRMNESS IN THE RIGHT AS GOD GIVES US TO SEE THE RIGHT.—*Lincoln.* EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

VOL. XI. WAYNESBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1867. NO. 26.

Terms of Advertising AND JOB WORK.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at **$1 50** per square for three insertions, and **50 cents** per square for each additional insertion; (ten lines or less counted a square). All transient advertisements to be paid for in advance.

BUSINESS NOTICES set under the head of local news will be charged invariably **10 cents** a line for each insertion.

A liberal deduction made to persons advertising by the quarter, half-year or year. Special notices charged one-half more than regular advertisements.

JOB PRINTING of every kind in Plain and Fancy colors; Hand-Bills, Blanks, Cards Pamphlets &c., of every variety and style, printed at the shortest notice. The REPUBLICAN OFFICE has just been re-fitted, and every thing in the Printing line can be executed in the most artistic manner and at the lowest rates.

Original.

For the REPUBLICAN.

AN APPEAL.

To whom it may Concern.

Pupil of our Alma Mater,
Puer, virgo, homo, pater;
Or whate'er your social station,
Listen to this brief narration.

The first decade of Eighteen hundred,
(I'm told that Eight the year was numbered.)
Was born, (I skip the genealogy.)
At Carmichaels, Miss Academy,
Who in due time, as may be seen,
Was married unto Mr. Greene.
She prove l a good industrious wife,
And led a happy prosperous life;
In fact, in Western Pennsylvania,
She hardly was surpassed by any.
Her sons and daughters grew around her,
And many were the ties that bound her,
But each she gave an Education,
A fortune that ne'er lacks duration.

Here then, each sister and each brother,
Is a toast unto our common mother—
The years of time have rolled away,
And thou art Sixty near, and gray:
A thousand now are thy descendants,
And there were some untried dependants,
But now, each on some purpose bent,
They've scattered o'er a continent!
And, filled with restless life and motion,
A few have dared the heaving ocean,
And stood upon the hills of Rome,
Or laved perchance where surges foam,
Among the Islands of the sea—
All owe a thousand thanks to thee!

The merchant standing in the mart;
The son of science, and of art,
With wisdom written on his brow;
The agriculturalist at his plow,
Filling with wealth the teeming loam;
The matron in her quiet home,
The teacher who by thee was taught,
The hero whose warm blood has brought
The Union that is ours to-day;
The many who have passed away—
The minister, physician, sage,
And every trade and sex and age
Now represent thee in life's ranks;
Each owes to thee ten thousand thanks!

Well done the toast seems good enough;
But toasting is not just the stuff
That helps a fellow when he's needy,
Or keeps his clothes from getting seedy;
This is a daily proven lesson—
Our Mater has a ragged dress on,
And ('tis confidential, sister, brother,)
She wears it constant, for no other
Has she, who clothed fair forms with knowledge
And sent her sons prepared to college,
And paved their way to wealth and fame:
But shall we leave her thus? No! Shame
On him who shows ingratitude,
And who forgets the Kind and Good.
Let deeds then, and not words, reply,
You'll be rewarded by and by.

It is the earnest desire of the Trustees to paint and otherwise give a pleasant exterior finish to Greene Academy and as there is no appropriation for the purpose they appeal to the generosity of its friends. Contributions should be sent to Dr. J. A. Gilbert, Treasurer of the Board, Carmichaels Pa.

Select Reading.

From the New York "Ledger."

RECOLLECTIONS OF A BUSY LIFE.

BY HORACE GREELEY.

The Tribune.

On the 10th day of April, 1841—a day of most unseasonable chill, and sleet, and snow—our city held her great funeral parade and pageant in honor of our lost president, who had died six days before. Gen. Robert Bogardus, the venerable Grand Marshal of the parade, died not long afterward of exposure to its inclemencies. On that leaden morning I issued the first number of The *New York Tribune*. It was a small sheet, for it was to be retailed for a cent, and not much of a newspaper could be afforded for that price, even in those specie-paying times. I had been incited to this enterprise by several Whig friends, who deemed a cheap daily, addressed more especially to the laboring class, eminently needed in our city, where the only two cheap journals then and still existing—*The Sun* and *The Herald*—were in decided, though unavowed, and therefore more effective, sympathy and affiliation with the Democratic party. Two or three had promised pecuniary aid if it should be needed; only one (Mr. James Coggeshall, long since deceased) ever made good that promise, by loaning me $1,000 which was duly and gratefully repaid, principal and interest. I presume others would have helped me had I asked it; but I never did. Mr. Dudley S. Gregory, who had voluntarily loaned me $1,000 to sustain *The New Yorker* in the very darkest hour of my fortunes, in 1837, and whom I had but recently repaid, was among my most trusted friends in the outset of my new enterpise, also; but I was able to prosecute it without taxing (I no longer needed to test) his generosity.

My leading idea was the establishment of a journal removed alike from servile partisanship on the one hand and from gagged, mincing neutrality on the other. Party spirit is so fierce and intolerant in this country that the Editor of a non-partisan sheet is restrained from saying what he thinks and feels on the most vital important topics; while on the other hand, a Democratic, Whig or Republican journal is generally expected to praise or blame, like or dislike, eulogize or condemn, in precise accordance with the views and interest of its party. I believe there was a happy medium between these extremes—a position from which a journalist might openly and heartily advocate the principles and commend the measures of that party to which his convictions allied him yet dissent frankly from its course on a particular question, and even denounce its candidates if they were shown to be deficient in capacity or (far worse) in integrity. I felt that a journal thus loyal to its guiding convictions, yet ready to expose and condemn unworthy conduct or incidental error on the part of men attached to its party, must be far more effective, even party wise, than though it might always be counted on to applaud or reprobate, bless or curse, as the party's prejudices or immediate interest might seem to prescribe. Especially by the Whigs—who were rather the loosely aggregated mainly undisciplined opponents of a great party than, in the stricter sense a party themselves—did I feel that such a journal was consciously needed, and would be fairly sustained. I had been a pretty constant and copious contributor (generally unpaid) to nearly every cheap Whig Journal that had from time to time, been started in our city; most of them to fall after a very brief and not particularly bright career; but one—*The New York Whig*, which was throughout most of its existence, under the dignified and concientious direction of Jacob B. Moore, formerly of The *New Hampshire Journal*—had been continued through two or three years. My familiarity with its history and management gave me confidence that the right sort of a cheap Whig journal would be enabled to live. I had been ten years in New York, was thirty years old, in full health and vigor, and worth I presume, about $2,000 half of it in printing materials. The *Jeffersonian*, and still more The *Log Cabin*, had made me favorbly known to many thousands of those who were most likely to take such a paper as I proposed to make The *Tribune;* while The *New Yorker* had given me some literary standing and the reputation of a useful and well informed compiler of election returns. In short, I was in a better position to undertake the establishment of a daily newspaper than the great mass of those who try it and fail, as most who make the venture do and must. I presume the new journals (in English) since started in this city number not less than one hundred whereof barely two—The *Times* and The *World* can be fairly said to be still living; and The *World* is a mausoleum within the remains of The *Evening Star*, The *American* and The *Courier and Inquirer*, lie inurned; these having long ago swallowed sundry of their predecessors. Yet several of those which meantime lived their little hour and passed away, were conducted by men of decided ability and ripe experience and were backed by a pecuniary capital at least twenty times greater than the fearfully inadequate sum wherewith I started The *Tribune*.

On the intellectual side, my venture was not so rash as it seemed. My own fifteen years devotion to newspaper-making, in all its phases, was worth far more than will be generally supposed; and I had already secured a first assistant in Mr. Henry J. Raymond, who having for two years, while in college at Burlington, Vt., been a valued contributor to the literary side of The *New-Yorker*—had hied to the city directly upon graduating, late in 1840, and gladly accepted my offer to hire him at $8 per week until he could do better. I had not much for him to do till The *Tribune* was started: then I had enough; and I never found another person, barely of age and just from his studies, who evinced so much and so versatile ability in journalism as he did. Abler and stronger men I may have met; a cleverer, readier, more generally efficient journalist, I never saw. He remained with me eight years, if my memory serves, and is the only assistant with whom I ever felt required to remonstrate for doing more work than any human brain and frame could be expected to endure. His salary was of course gradually increased from time to time; but his services were more valuable in proportion to their cost than those of any one else who ever worked on The *Tribune*.

Mr. George M. Snow, a friend of my own age, who had had considerable mercantile experience, took charge of the Finantial and Wall-street department (then far less important that it is now is,) and retained it for more than twenty-two years; becoming ultimately a heavy stockholder in and a trustee of the concern; resigning his trust only when (in 1863) he departed for Europe in ill health; returning but to die two years later. A large majority of those who aided in preparing or in issuing the first number had preceded or have followed Mr. Snow to the Silent Land; but two remain, and are now Foreman and Engineer respectivly in the printing department—both stockholders and trustees. Others doubtless, survive who were with us then, but have long since drifted away to the West, to the Pacific slope, or into some other employment, and the places that once knew them know them no more. Twenty-six years witness many changes especially in a city like ours, a position like mine; and I believe that the only man who was Editor of a New York daily before me, and who still remains, such, is Mr. James Gordon Bennett of The *Herald*.

About five hundred names of subscribers had already been obtained for *The Tribune*—mainly by my warm personal and political friends, Noah Cook and James Coggeshall—before its first issue, whereof I printed 5,000, and nearly succeeded in giving away all of them that would not sell. I had type, but no presses; and so had to hire my press-work done by the "token;" my folding and mailing must have staggered me but for the circumstance that I had few papers to mail and not very many to fold. The lack of the present machinery of Railroads and Expresses was a grave obstacle to the circulation of my paper outside of the city's suburbs; but I think its paid-for issues were 2,000 at the close of the first week, and that they increased pretty steadily, at the rate of 500 per week, till they reached 10,000. My current expenses for the first week were about $525; my receipts $92; and though the outgoes steadily, inevitably increased, the income increased in a still larger ratio, till it nearly balanced the former. But I was not made for a publisher; indeed, no man was ever qualified at once to edit and to publish a daily paper such as it must be to live in these times; and it was not until Mr. Thomas McElrath—whom I had barely known as a member of the publishing firm over whose store I first set type in this city, but who was now a lawyer in good standing and practice—made me a voluntary and wholly unexpected proffer of partnership in my still struggling but hopeful enterprise, that it might be considered fairly on its feet. He offered to invest $2,000 as an equivalent to whatever I had in the business, and to devote his time and energies to its management, on the basis of perfect equality in ownership and in sharing the proceeds. This I very gladly accepted; and from that hour my load was palpably lightened. During the ten years or over that *The Tribune* was issued by Greeley & McElrath, my partner never once even indicated that my anti-Slavery, anti-Hanging, Socialist, and other frequent aberrations from the straight and narrow path of Whig partisanship, were injurious to our common interest, though he must often have sorely felt that they were so; and never, except when I (rarely) drew from the common treasury more money than could well be spared, in order to help some needy friend whom he judged beyond help, did he even look grieved at anything I did. On the other hand, his business management of the concern, though never brilliant nor specially energetic, was so safe and judicious that it gave me no trouble, and scarcely required of me a thought during that long era of all but unclouded prosperity. The transition from my four preceding year of incessant pecuniary anxiety if not absolute embarrassment, was like escaping from the dungeon and the rack to freedom and sympathy. Henceforth, such rare pecuniary troubles as I encountered were the just penalties of my own folly in endorsing notes for persons who, in the nature of things, could not rationally be expected to pay them. But these penalties are not to be evaded by those who, soon after entering responsible life, "go into business," as the phrase is, when it is inevitable that they must thereby be involved in debt. He who starts on the basis of dependence on his own proper resources, resolved to extend his business no further and no faster than his means will justify, may fairly refuse to lend what he needs in his own operations, or to endorse for others when he asks no one to endorse for him. But you cannot ask favors, and then churlishly refuse to grant any—borrow, and then frown upon whoever asks you to lend—seek endorsements, but decline to give any; and so the idle, the prodigal, the dissolute, with the thousands foredoomed by their own defects of capacity, of industry, or of management, to chronic bankruptcy, live upon the earnings of the capable, thrifty and provident. Better wait five years to go into business upon adequate means which are properly your own, than to rush in prematurely, trusting to loans, endorsements, and the forbearance of creditors, to help you through. I have squandered much hard-earned money in trying to help others who were already past help, when I not only might but should have saved most of it if I had never, needing help, sought and received it. As it is, I trust that my general obligation has been fully discharged.

The Tribune, as it first appeared, was but the germ of what I sought to make it. No journal sold for a cent could ever be much more than a dry summary of the most important or the most interesting occurrences of the day; and such is not a newspaper, in the higher sense of the term. We need not know, not only what is done, but what is purposed and said, by those who sway the destinies of states and realms; and, to this end, the prompt perusal of the manifestoes of monarchs, presidents, ministers, legislators, etc., is indispensable. No man is even tolerably informed in our day who does not regularly "keep the run" of events and opinions, through the daily perusal of at least *one* good journal; and the ready cavil that "no one can read" all that a great modern journal contains, only proves the ignorance or thoughtlessness of the caviler. No *one* person is expected to take such an interest in the rise and fall of stocks, the markets for cotton, cattle, grain, and goods, the proceedings of Europe and the ever-shifting phases of Spanish-American anarchy, etc., etc., as would incite him to a daily perusal of the entire contents of a metropolitan city journal of the first rank. The idea is rather to embody in a single sheet the information daily required by all those who aim to keep "posted" on all important occurrences; so that the lawyer, the merchant, the banker, the forwarder, the economist, the author, the politician, etc., may find here whatever he needs to see, and be spared the trouble of looking elsewhere. A copy of a great morning journal now contains more matter than any average 12mo volume, and its production costs far more, while it is sold for a fortieth or fiftieth part of the volume's price. There is no other miracle of cheapness in comparison with its cost which at all approaches it. The Electric Telegraph has precluded the multiplication of journals in the great cities, by enormously increasing the cost of publishing each of them. The *Tribune*, for example, now pays more than $100,000 per annum, for intellectual labor (reporting included) in and about its office, and 100,000 more for correspondence and telegraphing—in other words, for collecting and transmitting news. And, while its income has been largely increased from year to year, its expenses have inevitably been swelled even more rapidly; so that, at the close of 1866, in which its receipts had been over $900,000, its expenses had been very nearly equal in amount, leaving no profit beyond a fair rent for the premises it owned and occupied. And yet its stockholders were satisfied that they had done a good business—that the increase in the patronage and value of the establishment amounted to a fair interest on their investment, and might well be accepted in lieu of a dividend. In the good time coming, with cheaper paper and less exorbitant charges of "cable dispatches" from the Old World, they will doubtles reap where they have faithfully sown. Yet they realize and accept the fact that a journal radically hostile to the gainful arts whereby the cunning and powerful few live sumptuously without useful labor, and often amass wealth, by pandering to lawless sensuality and popular vice, can never hope to enrich its publishers so rapidly nor so vastly as though it had a soft side for Liquor Traffic, and for all kindred allurements to carnal appetite and sensual indulgence.

Fame is a vapor; popularity an accident; riches takes wings; the only earthly certainty is oblivion—no man can forsee what a day may bring forth; and those who cheer to-day will often curse to-morrow; and yet I cherish the hope that the journal I projected and established will live and flourish long after I shall have moldered into forgotten dust, being guided by a larger wisdom, a more unerring sagacity to discern the right, though not by a more unfaltering readiness to embrace and defend it at whatever personal cost; and that the stone which covers my ashes may bear to future eyes the still intelligible inscription, "Founder of THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE."

FUN AT HOME.

Don't be afraid of a little fun at home, good people! Don't shut up your house lest the sun should fade your carpets, and your hearts, lest a hearty laugh shake down some of the musty old cobwebs there. If you want to ruin your sons, let them think that all mirth and social enjoyment must be left on the threshold without, when they come home at night. When once a home is regarded as only a place to eat, drink and sleep in, the work is begun that ends in gambling houses and reckless degredation. Young people must have fun and relaxation somewhere; if they do not find it at their hearthstones, it will be sought at other and perhaps less profitable places. Therefore let the grate burn brightly at night, and make the homestead delightful with all those little arts that parents so perfectly understand. Don't repress the buoyant spirit of your children. Half an hour of merriment, round the lamp and firelight of a home, blots out the remembrance of many a care and annoyance during the day; and the best safeguard they can take with them into the world is the unseen influence of a bright little domestic sanctum.

Careless Letter Writers.

According to the Postmaster General's report, not less than a million letters were mailed last year, without signatures, and misdirected, or so badly directed that the address was totally uniatelligible. These were destroyed. More than a million and a half others—1,611,686—were restored to their writers by the care of the dead-letter office. Thus it seems that at least two and a half million of mistakes were made, in an operation which one would think likely to enlist the sufficient care of the writer, the addressing of a letter. These letters contained nearly $150,000 in money, bills of exchange, deeds, checks, &c., to the value of over $5,000,000, and over 49,000 contained photographs, jewelry, &c.

GOOD ADVICE—If your coat is comfortable wear it two or three months longer—no matter if the gloss is off. If you have no wife, get one. If you have one, bless God; stay at home with her, leave the bar-room and gambling table—these are expensive luxuries where many men beggar their families and blow out their own brains in remorse. Be honest, frugal, plain: strive to make others happy around you, and if you are in debt you will soon get out. If your circumstances are now embarrassing they will soon become easy, no matter who may be President or what may be the price of stock.—*J. L. Hersey.*

THE Post-office Department is said to be experimenting on a new kind of postage stamp with a view to its introduction.

Two thousand men have, during the past ten years, been killed in English coal mines.

EPIGRAMS.

The conundrum and epigram, says the New York *Commercial*, are perhaps the most appropriate dishes in which to serve up light wit. The effect is about the same in each. The methods of the two are different. The conundrum states a proposition, and requires an answer without a demonstration. The epigram argues the question and reaches a logical conclusion. The epigram is slow. The conundrum is quick. The latter requires accuracy of statement, the former consisting of argument. In fact, the epigram is a labored conundrum. Both depend generally upon a play upon words. To illustrate: "Why is there no hereafter for chickens? Because they have their necks twirled in this." Here no one is supposed to question the conclusion. If any one should do so, reasoning may be retorted, thus:

'Tis plain that chickens have no hope
For a world of future bliss,
Since fate declares that they should have
Their next world (necks twirled) in this.

This gives the exact difference between two popular watering places:

"Saratoga and Newport—you've seen them,"
Said Charley, one morning, to Joe;
"Pray tell me the difference between them,
For bother my wing if I know!"

Quoth Joe, "'Tis the easiest matter
At once to distinguish the two—
At the one you go into the water,
At the other it goes into you!"

Mathew Arnold throws out some useful hints to poets, thus:

What poets feel not, when they take
A pleasure in creating,
The world in *its* turn, will not take
Pleasure in contemplating.

What have the women to say to this:

Women were born, so fate declares,
To smooth our linen and our cares;
And 'tis but just, for by my troth
They're very apt to ruffle both.

The Boston *Post* gives publicity to the following dialogue about the vexed question of the weather:

"I think," said Isabel, "the tearful sky
Is weeping sadly—only hear it sigh."
"Do not," said Quilp, "commiserate its woes,
It does not weep—it only blows its snows."

It were not difficult nor altogether unpleasant to solve such chess problems as this. (Two pieces on the board; John to move and mate in two moves:)

John moves his arm round Julia's neck;
She moves one square and whispers—"Check."
He, nothing daunted, moves right straight
His lips to hers, and calls out—"Mate."

Coventry Patmore gives the following advice:

So let no man, in desperate mood,
Wed a dull girl because she's good.

To which one might add:

And let no woman, in her plight,
Wed a bad man because he's bright.

The Boston *Post* thus embodies Bonner and his newly purchased horse, Dexter:

"Fifty thousand for Dexter!" a cavalier cries,
"Excuse me—let people believe it who can!"
"'Tis nothing surprising," a crony replies,
"For Bonner was always a Dexter-ous man!"

A soldier in the hospital, who had his left leg amputated, addressing the detached party, thus turns the calamity to his advantage:

Strange paradox! that in the fight
Where I of thee was thus bereft,
I lost my left leg for "the right,"
And yet the right is the one that's left!

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

Statement of Secretary McCulloch.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—The following is the statement of the public debt.

Total bearing coin interest	$1,840,337,931 80
Total bearing currency interest	379,293,460 20
Matured debt not presented for payment	14,178,387 83
Debt bearing no interest	405,543,837 05
Total debt	$2,639,352,572 08
Amount in Treasury, coin	100,660,555 67
Currency	37,190,175 21
Total	$137,850,829 93
Debt less cash in Treasury	$2,501,305,751 75

IT is worth notice, remarks the "Tribune," that the incessant clamor against Congress as reckless, proscriptive, revolutionary, &c., is based on acts that Congress has never sanctioned. Mr. Stevens makes a Confiscation speech, which not one other Member of Congress has seconded; yet the country rings with denunciation of it as showing the malignant *animus* of "the Radicals." So with project after project which Congress has listened to, because it must, but refused to adopt. We challenge History for another instance wherein a triumphant Nation has dealt so forbearingly with a crushed Rebellion as ours has done.

THE perseverance of the Union Pacific Railroad Company in the face of many obstacles, has carried the line to a point nearly five hundred and twenty miles west of Omaha, beyond Cheyenne, to the western base of the Rocky mountains. On the 1st of July the receipt of the Union Pacific Road, then in operation to Julesburg 377 miles, amounted to $1,015,195,29, and its expenses te $658,880,54; leaving the net earnings $356,314,75.—*State Guard.*

A CHINESE maxim says:—"We require four things of woman. That virtue dwell in her heart; that modesty play on her brow; that sweetness flow from her lips; that industry occupy her hand."

BANKRUPT LAW.

Two hundred and twenty-six cases in bankruptcy have been filed up to Nov. 19th in the Western U. S. Judicial District. In the 24th Congressional District thirteen cases have been filed, eight of which are in Washington county, three in Greene and two in Beaver.

There is unnecessary delicacy and hesitancy in some debtors in availing themselves of the wise benefits (in most cases) of this law. It is a just and proper law in the main and should have been passed years ago. We give below answers to important questions connected with the law, from an exchange:

Who may take adeantage of this law?

Any person or firm who owes debts to the amount of three hundred dollars or upward, whether they be individual or partnership debts or both, and it makes no difference what is the character of the indebtedness, whether it be by bill, note, account, judgment, as principal, or surety, or otherwise.

What does the law demand of the applicant?

That he shall surrender his property, except such as is hereafter mentioned, to his creditors, for a pro rata distributinn among them.

What does the law permit the applicant to keep?

First—Household and kitchen furnitur and necessaries to the amount of $500.

Second—The wearing apparel of himself and family.

Third—The uniform, arms and equipments of any person, who is, or has been, a soldier in the militia or the service of the United States.

Fourth—If the applicant is the head of a family, his homestead, to the value of $500. If he has no homestead, then in lieu thereof, money or other personal property to the value of $300.

If the applicant has only so much property as is above enumerated of course he has nothing to give up to his creditors.

The result of taking the benefit of this law is a discharge from all indebtedness. In cases where there is no contest, it requires from sixty to ninety days to procure this discharge.

This law went into operation on the first day of June, 1867, and persons who propose to avail themselves of its advantage should do so as soon as possible, as they cannot do so after one year from its commencement, unless they can pay fifty cents on the dollar of their indebtedness, or get the consent of a majority in number and value of their creditors.—*Washington (Pa.) Reporter.*

WE ARE NOT DEAD.

That excellent paper, the *State Guard*, recently started at Harrisburg, has the following: Some of our Democratic cotemporaries are laboring under an hallucination. They have seen an apparition, and are deluded with the idea that victory to them, like Hamlet's father's ghost, has come within the range of their vision for the purpose of revealing some dreadful secret, and the secret is that the Republican party is dead. Mr. Andrew Johnson is imbued with the same idea. He too, labors under an hallucination. He has flattered himself that the result of the late elections killed the Republican party. But the organs of Democracy, as well as their tool, the President, are sadly mistaken, for the reason that there is as much vitality, faith, principle and patriotism in the Republican party as when that organization stood out boldly and alone in the defence of this Government. There is no denying the fact that the elements of Republicanism are now working out the salvation of the South. Nor can there be any escape from the truth that the same party has fostered the mechanical enterprise and commercial energy of the North. The late elections were no indication of popular feeling on any question at present at issue between loyal men and traitors, so far as their effects could interfere for or against the settlement of such issues. No officer was elected in the Northern States who will have any power in the settlement of these questions, and in many cases the men who felt most solicitous on the subject of reconstruction were the most indifferent as to the result of the elections. But such was not the case with our Democratic opponents. They are hungry for political power. They wanted some sort of a show of victory, and stole a march on our friends, which they now vaunt as a triumph. Of course they are welcome to their boasting, if that is all they need to make them happy. But we desire they do not mistake the condition of the Republican party. It is a live organization. Free Government never had a purer representative. Justice was never more subserved by any political organization. Treason never had so invincible an opponent. To the contrary, it is life and health and prosperity. Without it, liberty would not to-day have an abiding place in the United States. It saved the Union, and is destined to purify the executive branch of the Government. Hereafter, when great principles are at stake, the Republican party will win great political victories. This is a fact which the Democracy should not fail seriously to consider, as it may save them a large amount of means, a great deal of labor, and incalculable mortification.

A SCOTCHMAN ON MIRACLES.

"Well, you may say what you please," said Smith, "I, for my part, cannot believe that God would first impose laws on nature, and then violate them. What would be the use of making them if they are to be so readily set aside?"

"I, dinna ken, sir," said uncle; "what God may do, or what he winna do; but I don't regard a miracle to be a violation o' the laws o' nature. There's nae violation o' the laws o' nature, or rather the laws o' God, that I ken o', save the wicked actions o' wicked men."

"And what then," asked Smith, "do you make a miracle to be?"

"I regard it," said uncle, "to be merely such an interference wi' the established course o' things, as infallibly shows us the presence and the action o' a supernatural power. What o'clock is it wi' you, sir, if you please?"

"It's half-past twelve, exactly—Greenwich time," replied Smith.

"Well, sir," said uncle, pulling a huge old time-piece from his pocket, "it's one o'clock wi' me; I generally keep my watch a bittie forrit. (A little forward.) But I may hae a special reason the noo for setting my watch by the railway; and so, ye see, I'm turning the hands o't around. Noo wad ye say that I have violated the laws o' a watch? True, I have done violence to none o' its laws. My action is only the interference o' a superior intelligence for a suitable end, but I have suspended nae law, violated nae law. Well, then, instead o' the watch, say the universe; instead o' moving the hands, say God acting wholly o' himsel', and we hae a' that I contend for in a miracle; that is the unquestionable presence of an Almighty hand working the Divine will. And if He sees fit to work miracles, what can hinder Him? He has done it oftener than once or twice already; and wha daur say that He'll not get leave to do't again?"

A FAIR HIT.

Senator "Zack" Chandler, who is not always in the best of taste, perpetrated a really capital joke the other day, by the introduction of the following joint resolution:

WHEREAS, We are at peace with all Sovereign Powers and States:

And whereas, Hostilities have unhappily commenced between the Government of Great Britain and the King of Abyssinia;

And whereas, We being at peace with the Government of Grant Britain and with the King of Abyssinia; therefore,

Resolved, That we do now declare our determination to maintain a strict and impartial neutrality in the contest between the said contending parties, granting to the flag of each belligerent the same rights privileges and immunities, both upon land and water.

The above is a verbatim copy of a proclamation issued on the 14th of May, 1861, simply changing the name of the "United States" to "Great Britain," and the "Confederate States" to "Abyssinia." Mr. Chandler thinks it only just and right that we should observe the same courtesy towards Great Britain that she did toward us. The resolution went over under the rule.

Stopping a Newspaper.

Some people thinks that their subscription to a newspaper obligates the editor to advocate their own peculiar views on all questions which affect the public, forgetting that an editor should be an independent thing, honest enough to give his opinions, and let let his readers judge of what they are worth. To those who are ready to send word, "Stop my Paper," because the editor expresses his honest opinion formed after careful research and mature deliberation, we commend the following little story:

A certain man hit his toe against a pebble and fell headlong to the ground. He was vexed, and, under the influence of anger and self-sufficiency, he kicked mother earth right saucily. With imperturable gravity, he looked to see the earth itself dissolve and come to naught. But the earth remained, and only his poor foot was injured in the encounter.

This is the way of man. An article in a newspaper touches him in a weak spot, and straightway he sends to "Stop his paper!" With great self complacency he looks to see the crash when the object of his spleen shall cease to be. Poor fool, he has only hit his own toe against a world that does not perceptibly feel the shock, and injures to a slight extent no one but himself.

THE Cleveland *Herald* says that the road by which Weston entered that city looks as though an army had passed over it. "Buggies minus a wheel or a shaft; pieces of harness, hats and caps are strewn along this road in endless confusion. It is estimated that the damage to buggies alone will amount to $1,000."

AT Rev. Henry Ward Beecher's church last Sunday week, the rite of baptism was administered with water brought from the river Jordon, and the wine used at the communion came from Jerusalem. The water and wine were presents from Captain Duncan, of the Palestine expedition.

The Waynesburg Republican.

WAYNESBURG, PENN'A.

Wednesday, Dec. 18, '67.

PARADOXICAL.

We published on our outside the result of the municipal election in Pittsburgh, held a week ago last Tuesday. Various comments have been elicited by the election of Blackmore, who is a—well, that's more than we know—a Democrat at times. The *Post*, the city Democratic daily, labors to effect the impression that it is a victory for its party exclusive of the Labor Reform or any other organization, and as such parades the falsehood before its admiring readers. Of course, the brood ever ready for a cackle will catch up the refrain and ring it through the rural districts as evidence of the reaction working in opposition to Republicanism. We have plain statements and we trust common sense enough to draw plain conclusions relative to this. It is the rebuke of their leaders that Pittsburg Republicans aimed at, the denouncing of the clique that heretofore pulled wires and drew checks to suit themselves, the regular nominations in the case of the Mayor and Treasurer were distastful to the bulk of Republican voters and their purpose was to annul the nomination by defeating them. To do this required force from each party opposing, and securing a favorable candidate and happy co-operation they succeeded, and so far as we are concerned we are glad of it. The Republicans do not claim a victory, but they claim the salutary effect of a defeated "ring," and more proper observance hereafter of popular feeling. The *Republic*, Johnsonian, has it that "so far as Mr. Blackmore's election could be claimed as having any bearing outside of issues originating in the Radical Convention, it is certainly an indorsement of the President. Mr. Blackmore was Secretary of the first Johnson Club which ever met in this city, and it is well known that he fully indorses the President and deprecates the assaults upon him, either by Republicans or Democrats."

And the *Workingmans Advocate*, the Labor Reform organ, declares "the assertion that the result of our municipal election last Tuesday was a "Democratic victory," is *a wilful and flagrant falsehood!* If the successful candidates for Mayor and Treasurer had run as "Democratic" candidates, they would have been defeated by an overwhelming majority! The successful candidates were nominated and elected by the Labor Reform party, assisted by Democrats and Republicans alike, and could not have been elected otherwise. The attempt to construe the result achieved into a "Democratic" partisan triumph is as disgusting as it is villianous, and we say this in behalf of the Labor Reform party, and all who, without regard to old party ties, co-operated with it in the elections."

To all of which the *Post* replies by assuring them that neither party weighed aught against the Democratic ballot. The question then is, was it a Democratic, Labor Reform, or Johnson victory? Or a success of the people over political "rings?"

NAT'L. REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

The National Republican Executive Committee met at Washington on the 11th inst., and fixed the time of Wednesday, May 20, 1868, place Chicago, for the holding of the Convention for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of President and Vice President of the United States. The call requests that "each State in the United States be represented in said convention by a number of delegates equal to twice the number of Senators and Representatives to which each State is entitled in the National Congress. We invite the co-operation of all citizens who rejoice that our great civil war has happily terminated in the discomfiture of the rebellion; who would hold fast to the unity and integrity of the Republic, and maintain its paramount right to defend to the utmost its own existence whether imperiled by secret conspiracy or armed force, of an economical administration of the public expenditures, of the complete extirpation of the principles and policy of slavery and of the speedy reorganization of those States whose Governments were destroyed by the rebellion, and the permanent restoration to their proper pratical relations with the United States, in accordance with the true principles of republican government."

We now have the call, time and place. Next we want good material and sensible action with due regard for the wishes of the people.

DICKENS has realized $20,000 from his four readings in Boston, and it is estimated that during his stay in this country his entire profits will reach $200,000. He devotes himself closely to his work.

THAT PROPOSITION.

"A Citizen," in last week's *Messenger*, objects to our proposition of selling the town commons to pay the borough debt.

1st. Because it is the only privilege the poor people have to reap any benefit.

Instead of a *benefit* to the poor it is an annoyance. The rich use it most, disfigure the ground for brick-making purposes, or making it a stock field, place what property the poor have at the mercy of their swine, cattle, etc. Even those of the poor who might make such use of it are liable any time to have it stopped on them by enforcement of the Borough Ordinance prohibiting stock from running at large. And this must be sooner or later as the spirit of improvement grows. The writer of the above knows no benefit is reaped by any person from this idle waste.

2d. I object to using poor men's priveleges to pay rich men's debts. They own more land now than they will improve.

According to the apportionment of taxes in our borough it is patent to every tax-payer that approximately the poor man pays the most. By the disposal of these lands this constant drain upon the purses of the poor will be checked, whereas if the debt remains it will continue to absorb the poor man's property without serious detriment to the rich. Besides, this will help the spirit of improvement.

3rd. If the town don't suit them they can buy a piece of land and build a town to suit their own fancy.

This means that the community would get along much better without the rich men, which we very much doubt.

4th. The testator was an honest man and intended the commons to benefit the poor instead of the rich 20 per ct. men of the present age.

Mr. Slater may have been an honest man, he certainly was imbued with a generous spirit, but how he could determine which would be benefited most, the rich or the poor, by leaving these grounds open, is a mystery to us. And if "20-per-cent." don't get as much good of it to-day as anyone we should like to know it.

The foregoing are mere whims, the prejudices of some "petty, township politician," and not *arguments* to show why the debt should not be liquidated in the way proposed by us. There are yet other reasons why our proposition holds good, but we forbear for the present.

AN EDITOR IN LUCK.

At the recent Homœopathic Fair, held in the city of Pittsburgh, in the contest on the dressing gown, smoking cap, meerschaum pipe, and a pair of slippers, for the editor receiving the highest number of votes, the ballot stood as follows:

C. D. Brigham - - - - -	152
James P. Barr - - - - -	147
J. G. Siebneck - - - - -	111

Mr. Brigham, of the *Commercial*, is, therefore, the lucky man. We congratulate smoking cap, dressing gown, etc., they have fallen into good hands.

THE Pittsburgh *Commercial* thinks it seems to be understood that the selection of Chicago and May as the place and time for holding the Republican National Convention, means Grant for President. It is said that the friends of Mr. Chase wanted St. Louis or Cincinnatti and July. Several members of the committee who are for Grant voted for one or other of those places on local grounds. We imagine that the people will have their own way had the Convention resolved to meet at New Archangel. The nomination of Grant has already been made.

FURTHER legislation upon bounties is deprecated by members of Congress and it is not likely any can pass which makes further appropriations for that purpose. Already thirty-five million dollars have been paid out under the extra bounty law, and the Paymaster General estimates forty-five millions as the amount required to pay the balance under that act. Over one-half of this goes to claim agents and attorneys.

THE bill to repeal the cotton tax called up in the Senate yesterday will pass, and be sent to the President immediately. The proposition to make it retrospective in its operation will be defeated on the ground that this year's crop has already passed out of the producer's hands, and is now held to a great extent by brokers and speculators.

A WHISKEY Convention of the heavy distillers met in Washington recently. They petition Congress for a reduction of the tax to 25 cents per proof gallon. Something must be done to prevent the great frauds in this business and it is a question if this reduction would not appeal effectually to the honesty of manufacturers.

CURRENT NOTES.

RISTORI was playing to slim audiences at Pittsburgh, last week.

SEWARD has been negotiating for the Island of Cuba at $150,000,000 in gold! Congress will clap a stopper on it.

THE President will veto the law granting negroes equal rights in the District of Columbia, to-day.

A. M. GIBSON, Esq., has associated himself with F. S. Rock, Esq., in the management of the Uniontown *Genius of Liberty*.

MR. LAWRENCE'S vote was against the measure of stopping contraction which will, of course, meet the views of some of his constituents, others not.

THE recent heavy snow storms seem to have extended over a wide reach of country, impeding travel by rail and water, and putting a general quietus on business.

THE Convention of Manufacturers, to be held at Cleveland on the 18th inst., promises to be one of the largest and most important meetings of the kind ever held in this country.

RECENT rises in the rivers have not been sufficient to allow the coal boats to run out, and as a consequence, coal is still quoted at fabulous prices at Cincinnati and below.

The General Conference on the Roman question has been abandoned, the leading European Governments having finally declined to take part in it.

ON the 13th inst., the Senate passed a bill securing to the families of deceased soldiers the bounties to which the soldiers if living would be entitled.

A BATTLE of some magnitude was fought recently in South America between Paraguayans and Brazilians. The latter were defeated with the loss of 5,500 in killed, wounded and prisoners. Quite a tempest in a teapot.

They have earthquakes at St. Thomas at the rate of 47 in 24 hours; or about one every 30 minutes; and in St. John, recently, they had 114 in 8 days. For these desirable residences we believe Mr. Seward wants us to pay $7,500,000 in gold.

THE Republicans of Armstrong and Juniata counties, Pa., in convention assembled declared their preference for Grant for President and Andrew G. Curtin, for Vice-President. So it goes.

ALLEGHENY CITY has a skating "rink." It differs from a park in being covered. The building covers a space of two hundred by one hundred and ten feet, with a skating surface of seventeen thousand square feet

A WESTERN paper says a party of adventurers in Montana, not long since, stumbled upon an Indian catacomb and abstracted therefrom treasure to the amount of $100,000 in gold ornaments. This will not prevent search for *'ore*.

THE fast line west, on the P. C. R. R., was thrown from the track near Harrisburg, on Saturday last. The mail car was fired and a large amount of postal matter burned. But a few slight injuries were sustained by passengers.

A MAN named Owen McGovern was murdered at Pittsburg, some nights ago, by James Monteith. McGovern had been drinking hard, and struck Monteith several times. Monteith then stabbed McGovern in the neck, killing him almost instantly. Monteith did not atttempt to escape.

DEMOCRACY is provoked that Congress sent impeachment by the board, and like juveniles when they want to get a tyro into mischief, sing out "Ah! you were afraid to!" It won't do, gentlemen, it would have made a good electioneering hobby, but you must find something else to blow about in '68.

THE House refuses to make the necessary appropriation for the purchase of Alaska. The Senate and President by the Constitution, are the treaty making powers, but thé "joke comes in" in the paying part. It will go hard with Billy if he has to "trade back."

FENIANISM runs high in the old country. Clerkenwell prison was recently blown up, in the attempt to liberate prisoners held by the Government. Processions in honor of the executed Fenians have been prohibited. London, Liverpool and other cities are terribly excited at these rebellious demonstrations.

APROPOS of the walking mania now so prevalent throughout the country, Mr. John Quill makes the following offer: "I will walk with any good-looking girl, who has a fortune in her own right, upon any given moolight night, both parties to go as slow as they please, and neither hurry back to the starting-point. I will then, on the word, walk into her affections, and walk off with her fortune."

THE sale of the *National Police Gazette* and *Illustrated Police News* has been prohibited on the cars of the Pennsylvania railroad company.

SEVEN days more will bring the famed Christmas day, the era of egg nogg, plum pudding and good cheer.

THE ESCAPE OF TOM WHITTAKER.

He Visits Pittsburgh to Hunt Up $6,000 Bail—William Arnold Refuses to Join Him in Jail Breaking—How it Occurred.

We have to announce the escape from the Washington county jail of Thomas Whittaker charged with robbing Miss Nancy Sproull at the time her brother, David Sproull, was murdered, in Cecil township, and Benjamin F. Clawson, who was tried last week for stealing cows, but about whose case the jury failed to agree. The Washington *Reporter* says: They were occupying separate cells in the female department, and Whittaker, by means of a saw which he somehow got possession of, succeeded in cutting off one of the iron bars constituting part of his cell, and having got out, by aid of one slats of his beadstead—a stout piece of oak—broke the lock of the door of the cell in which Clawson was confined and let him out also. From the area outside of the cells they gained easy access to the skylight, by means of the scaffolding used for plastering, which had not yet been taken down. Knocking out one of the lights of glass they got out upon the roof, whence they made their desent to the ground by a ladder which had been left standing outside.

The following is a verbatim copy of a note addressed by Whittaker to his Honor, the President Judge, and left in his cell.

To the Hon. Judge Acheson:

DEAR SIR—I have gone to Pittsburgh to hunt up six thousand bail; if I do not find it I will be back in time for next court. Respectfully yours,

THOMAS WHITTAKER.

There was also picked up in the same cell the following note addressed to Whittaker by Arnold, who had evidently been solicited by the former to make his escape at the same time:

DECEMBER 3.

No, Tom, I will not go. I know it is as easy as you say it is. I can get out of here anytime I want to in two hours. If you are going to go, I don't want you to break my lock, there will be no use in taking my lock off, for by—I won't go, and there is no use asking me any more. If I was afraid of a trial I would go, but I am innocent, and I will be discharged honorably when I am tried. I would advise you to stay, for the people will think that you are guilty if you go. Of course if I am awaked at the time you leave, I will not interfere with your operations. I am not a man of that kind; I will pimp for no man.

WILL.

As already stated, it is evident that this was written to Whittaker in responce to his solicitations that Arnold should join him in his escape.

Since the above we learn that Whittaker was re-captured in Pittsburg and returned to his old quarters.

FRIGHTFUL RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

A Train Backed Into a River—Fifteen Men Instantly Killed.

MONTPELIER, December 11.—One of the most fearful accidents known in the annals of Vermont transpired today at Harlow Bridge, near Northfield, on the Vermont Central Railroad. The bridge was burned Sunday morning, and during the week about one hundred men were engaged in rearing trestle work for temporary use. Most of the employees having dined to-day at Northfield, were returning to work, about one and a half miles from that town, in a passenger car, which was being backed up to the works. By some inconceivable forgetfulness, the engineer proceeded with them at a rapid rate, and did not check his speed until too late, and the whole car, with its freight of from seventy to one hundred men, was backed off the abutment into the river below, a distance of sixty feet, the tender to the engine following. Fifteen men were killed instantly, three or four have since died, and more than as many others injured, many seriously, some it is feared fatally.

FALL RIVER MASS.

American Print Works Burned—Loss $1,300,000—500 Men Thrown Out of Employment.

FALL RIVER, MASS., December 15.—The American Print Works at Fall River, was destroyed by fire this morning, with all the printing machines and a large stock of calicos. Five hundred hands are thrown out of employment. The loss will amount to a million and a half of dollars. It was the finest structure of the kind in the country. Its loss will probably occasion the stoppage of many cotton mills, and is a great blow to the industry of Fall River. Insurance not ascertained.

THE President's comunication giving his reasons for Secretary Stanton's removal has been sent to the Government printing office. Mr. Stanton's friends are fearful of the result, and are willing to promise that he will immediately resign if the Senate will reinstate him. As matters stand the Senate cannot reinstate Mr. Stanton without making an issue with General Grant, as the former says the latter took the place against his (Stanton's) wish.

CONGRESS will adjourn on the 20th of December to the 8th of January, in order to give members a chance to go home for the holidays.

SCOTT WEAVER, aged nineteen years, of Huston township, Blair county Pa., a few days ago husked one hundred and four bushels of corn in one day.

Mr. JOHNSON has provided for a dignified retirement from public life by purchasing a large farm in Green county, Tennessee.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

WAYNESBURG, PA., Dec. 12, 1867.

To the Officers and Members of Hoshimka Lodge, No. 558, I. O. of O. F., sirs and brothers: The undersigned, a committee appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the feelings of this Lodge on the death of our esteemed brother, HEATH JOHNS, make the following report:

WHEREAS, It has pleased an All-wise and Overruling Providence, in the dispensation of His power, to send His messenger of death again to invade our Lodge, and remove from among us our esteemed friend and brother of the "mystic tie." And WHEREAS, The death of our worthy brother, Heath Johns, who has been summoned hence, is calculated to remind us that "in the midst of life we are in death," and that we shall bow with meek submission to the mandates of the Great Ruler of the Universe, "who doeth all things well."

Therefore, Resolved that in the death of Brother Johns, this Lodge has lost a worthy brother, one whose department and faithful discharge of the duties of life, as a member of our Lodge, and as a citizen, secured the confidence and respect of the brothers of the order, and his acquaintances in the county generally.

Resolved, That in this dispensation of an All-wise Providence, we recognize another lesson of wisdom, teaching us of the mortality of things here below.

Resolved, That we deeply sympathise with the widow and family of our deceased brother, and can shed the tear of grief with them in this their sore affliction.

Resolved, That a copy of the foregoing preamble and resolutions be signed by the officers, and attested by the Seal of the Lodge, be presented to the widow and family of the deceased.

Resolved, That in accordance with the ancient usages and customs of our beloved Order, and in token of respect we have for our deceased friend and brother, the emblems of the Order in the Lodge room be clothed in mourning, and that the members wear the usual badge for the space of Thirty days.

All of which are respectfully submitted in F. L. & T.

J. F. TEMPLE,
R. K. CAMPBELL,
THOS. I. PORTER,
V. B. ADAMS,
WM. HAYS,
Com.

Special Notices.

Address to the Nervous and Debilitated whose sufferings have been protected from hidden causes, and whose cases require prompt treatment to render existence desirable. If you are suffering or have suffered from involuntary discharges, what effect does it produce upon your general health? Do you feel weak, debilitated, easily tired? Does a little extra exertion produce palpitation of the heart? Does your liver, or urinary organs, or your kidneys, frequently get out of order? Is your urine sometimes thick, milky, or fleeky, or is it ropy on settling? Or does a thick scum rise to the top? Or is a sediment at the bottom after it has stood awhile? Do you have spells of short breathing or dyspepsia? Are your bowels constipated? Do you have spells of fainting or rushes of blood to the head? Is your memory impaired? Is your mind constantly dwelling upon this subject? Do you feel dull, listless, moping, tired of company, of life? Do you wish to be left alone, to get away from everybody? Does any little thing make you start or jump? Is your sleep broken or restless? Is the lustre of your eyes as brilliant? The bloom on your cheek as bright? Do you enjoy yourself in society as well? Do you pursue your business with the same energy? Do you feel as much confidence in yourself? Are your spirits dull and flagging, given to fits of melancholy? If so, do not lay it to your liver or dyspepsia. Have you restless nights? Your back weak, your knees weak, and have but little appetite, and you attribute this to dyspepsia or liver-complaint?

Now, reader, self-abuse, venereal diseases badly cured, and sexual exercises, are all capable of producing a weakness of the generative organs. The organs of generation, which in perfect health, make the man. Did you ever think that those bold, defiant, energetic, persevering, successful business men are always those whose generative organs are in perfect health? You never hear such men complain of being melancholy, of nervousness, of palpitation of the heart. They are never afraid they cannot succeed in business; they dont become sad and discouraged; they are always polite and pleasant in the company of ladies, and look you and them right in the face—none of your downcast looks or any other meanness about them. I do not mean those who keep the organs inflamed by running to excess. These will not only ruin their constitutions, but also those they do business with or for.

How many men from badly cured diseases, from the effects of self-abuse and excesses, have brought about that state of weakness in those organs that has reduced the general system so much as to induce almost every other disease—biliosy, lunacy, paralysis, spinal effection, suicide, and almost every other form of disease which humanity is heir to, and the real cause of the trouble scarcely ever suspected, and have doctered for all but the right one.

Diseases of the organs require the use of a diuretic. HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic, and is a certain cure for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Organic Weakness, Female Complaints, General Debility, and all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating and no matter of how long standing.

If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the health and happiness, and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu, established upwards of 18 years, prepared by

H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,
594 Broadway, New York, and
1918 South 10th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

PRICE—$1.25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6.50, delivered to any address. Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

3:13,'67-eowly.

To Consumptives.—The Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,
No. 1658 South Second St., Williamsburg New York.
6;5,'67-1ych9-18

Information.—Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing THOS. F. CHAPMAN, CHEMIST,
6;5.'67-1ych9;18 823 Broadway, New York.

Colgate & Co's.

COLGATE & CO. NEW YORK

GERMAN

ERASIVE SOAP

is manufactured from PURE MATERIALS, and may be considered the STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For sale by all Groceries. 6;5-1y.

The Healing Pool, and House of Mercy.—Howard Association Reports for Young Men, on the crime of solitude, and the errors, abuses and diseases which destroy the manly powers, and create impediments to marriage, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. 6;5-1y

Errors of Youth.—A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, and receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN OGDEN,
6;5-1y 42 Cedar St., New York.

New Advertisements.

WM. BINGHAM, JR., 54 *Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, is the authorized agent for the* REPUBLICAN. *in that city.*

NOTICE!

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF WAYNESBURG,

WAYNESBURG, PA., Dec. 16, 1867.

The annual Election for New Directors, to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at the Bank on TUESDAY, January 7, 1868, between the hours of 12 m, and 2 p. m.

JNO. C. FLENNIKEN,
12;16-td. Cashier.

New Advertisements.

THE TRIBUNE FOR 1868.

PROSPECTUS.

The year 1868 will long be remembered for its settlement of the boundary question between Aristocracy of Color and Impartial Human Liberty. The War of the Rebellion being closed, we have now to decide whether the fundamental idea which impelled and justified the Rebellion shall dominate over our whole country, molding her institutions and shaping her destiny. If it be true that God has not created all men, but only all White men, in His own image, and made them equal in political and civil rights, then it is a world-wide calamity that Grant did not surrender to Lee at Appomattox; and "The Lost Cause," trodden into mire under the hoofs of Sheridan's rough-riding cavalry, not only should but will be regarded in Constitutional Conventions and at the ballot-boxes. If the Blackrace, because they ARE Black, should be excluded from the jury-box and repelled from the ballot-box, then Stonewall Jackson ought to head the roll of American martyrs, emblazoned high above the names of Warren and Mercer and Pulaski; of Ellsworth, Lyon, Baker, Reynolds, Wadsworth, Kearney, Sedgwick, and McPherson.

It is difficult to argue with a blind, besotted prejudice, grounded in ignorance and fortified by self-conceit. Devoid of reason, it is hardly amenable to reason. But millions who would listen unmoved to appeals based on Justice and Humanity can be stirred by facts which affect their own interest and safety. The naked truth that every Southern State reconstructed on the White basis is to-day a Rebel State—shaped and ruled by men who execrated Lincoln's reluctant and tardy resistance to the Rebellion as a causeless and criminal aggression, and profoundly rejoiced over Bull Run as their victory—will prove invincible, if we can but bring it home to the apprehension of every loyal voter. There is no paramount question of good faith or gratitude to the Blacks. Their votes are as necessary to the preponderance of White loyalty as to their own protection and security. Reconstruct the South on the White basis, and every one of the fifteen States which held slaves in 1860 will be intensely, overwhelmingly Copperhead thenceforth and evermore. Allow to-day the plea that the Blacks are ignorant and degraded, and those whom you thereby clothe with power will take good care that the plea shall be as valid and well-grounded a century hence as it now is. Public Education and Civil Rights for the Freedmen can only be achieved and maintained through the ballot. "We are for Negro Suffrage—THEY WAY THEY SUFFERED IN NEW ORLEANS," was the inscription on a banner borne in a late Conservative or Democratic procession in Baltimore; and the spirit which dictated that avowal is still rampant in the South. But for what is stigmatized as Military Despotism, it would daily avenge by outrage and infliction what it deems negro treachery to the Southern cause.

THE TRIBUNE has declined to be lured or turned aside from the Main Question. It has persistently refused to swell the clamor for vengeance on the defeated Rebels, whether by confiscation or by confiscation; and one of its strong reasons for this course is a conviction that no drop of rebel blood could be coolly, deliberately shed without essentially clouding the prospect of securing the Right of Suffrage to the Blacks. Defying the madness of passion and the blindness of short-sighted misconception, it has deliberately Reconstruction on the basis of Universal Amnesty with Impartial Suffrage, in perfect consciousness of the fact that it thereby alienated thousands who had been its zealous supporters and life-long patrons. The hour of its complete vindication cannot be far distant.

As for the man who is to be the chosen standard-bearer of the Republican host in the impending contest, while we avow our deliberate preference of Chief Justice Chase as the ablest and most eminent of our living statesmen, THE TRIBUNE will render a hearty, cheerful, determined support on a platform which affirms and upholds the equal political as well as civil rights of all citizens of the Republic. We do not contemplate as possible the supp ort by Republicans of any candidate who does not stand on this platform. And we do not apprehend that the candidates who, in our approaching struggle, shall represent genuine Democracy in opposition to the meanest phase of Aristocracy can be beaten if proper means be systematically taken, as they must and will be, to enlighten and arouse the American party.

We will thank such friends as believe that THE TRIBUNE will prove an efficient and cheap ally to influence the undecided, to add us in extending its circulation. Though ours is eminently a political journal, but a small portion of its space is devoted to politics, while an outlay of more than $200,000 per annum is incurred in collecting and transmitting news from all parts of the world. We have regular correspondents in all points where important events may at any time be transpiring or be imminent. The progress of the war in Crete, which is the precursor of a still greater war, has been watched by one of these special correspondents, while another telegraphs from Constantinople every novel phase of the critical diplomatic situation. Every step of Garibaldi's recent heroic though unfortunate enterprise, from its inception to its close, was noted by our correspondents, who are also his most trusted advisers; while an eccomd member of our editorial staff has just accompanied the Embassador of Juarez to Mexico to scan the Mexican problem closely and under auspices more favorable to the Republican chief than those which have colored the advices of our regular correspondents at Vera Cruz, and the Capital. Another correspondent accompanied the first National expedition to Alaska, Walrussia, or whatever our splinter of the North Poll may be called, and is now reported on the aspects and capabilities of that chilly region. Bayard Taylor is writing us in his own vein from Central Europe; while able correspondents report to us from Colorado, Idaho, Montana, &c., more copiously than we can find room to publish. Our Reviews of Books and Library Department are in charge of one of the ripest American scholars; while Agriculture, under a competent editor, claims a leading place in our Semi-Weekly and Weekly issues. In short, we have for years spent a large portion of the income of our business in efforts to render THE TRIBUNE a better and better newspaper; and if we have not succeeded, the fault is not explained by a lack of means or of efforts, whether on our own part or on that of a generous and discerning public.

THE TRIBUNE is sent by mail daily (Sundays excepted), for $10, Semi-Weekly for $4, and Weekly for $2 per annum, payable inflexibly in advance. To clubs for the Semi-Weekly we send two copies one year for $7; five copies, or over, for each copy $3. On receipt of $15 for fifteen copies we will send an extra copy one year; for $100 we will send thirty-four copies and THE DAILY TRIBUNE. We send the Weekly to Clubs of five for $8; ten copies or over, addressed to names of subscribers, each, $1 70; twenty copies, addressed to names of subscribers, $34; ten copies, to one address, $16; twenty copies, to one address, $30. An extra copy will be sent for each club of ten.

A large and fine steel engraved portrait of the Editor is sent free of charge to any one who, in sending $10 for a Daily, $4 for a Semi-Weekly, or $2 for a Weekly, shall indicate a desire to receive it. One will likewise be sent to any person who forwards a club of ten or more Semi-Weeklies or twenty or more Weeklies, at our club rates, and asks for portarit at the time of remitting. Address THE TRIBUNE, No. 154 Nassau-st., New York.

GREAT PANIC IN THE PRICES OF

BOOTS AND SHOES!

—AT—

WILLIAM BERRYHILL'S,

MECHANICS' ROW, WAYNESBURG, PENN'A.

Having just purchased a heavy Stock of Boots and Shoes of the FINEST and BEST QUALITY to be found in the East, he now has the best selected and most complete assortment of these Goods ever brought to the Town. And he offers to sell

FOR CASH

Men's best, whole stock, Home-made Boots, 17 inch leg, at $6.00, 5.25 and 5.00; Men's Fine Calf at $7.50, with a uniform reduction in rates, on all kinds of stock. Mr. Berryhill having an experience of 15 years in the manufacturing of

BOOTS AND SHOES!

is thoroughly acquainted with the business, and has taken great care to make this a

SUPERIOR STOCK TO ANY KEPT HERETOFORE.

Experienced hands are constantly employed in making to order and we can safely say that at no place else in these "diggings" can the material and workmanship be surpassed.

ALL WORK WARRANTED!

He now asks his friends and the public to call and examine his stock, as he feels confident that he can please them. WM. BERRYHILL,
12;18-tf Mechanics' Row, Waynesburg, Pa.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE:

That on the 5th day of December, A. D., 1867, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of NATHAN ZIMMERMAN, of Cumberland township, in the County of Greene and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by Law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their Debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Court House, in Waynesburg, Greene county, Pennsylvania, before Joseph B. Donley, Register, on the 30th day of January, A. D., 1868, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY,
12;18-tf U. S. Marshal, P. A.

New Advertisements.

FOR THE PEOPLE!

A FULL STOCK OF

FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS!

AT

SHIRK & SUTTON'S.

We desire to inform our customers and all those who wish to buy

GOOD GOODS AT LOW PRICES

That we are receiving a complete stock of Fall and Winter Goods, which we are determined to sell, if you will come and see them. Our stock of

DRY GOODS,

embrace the best staples, extra heavy brown muslins, drilling, canton flannels, bleached muslin, ginghams, a good assortment of

FINE DRESS GOODS!

also, a general notions, hosiery, gloves, trimming, ribbons, buttons, &c., &c. Also, a lot of extra flannels, white, red, gray, figured and barred,

IN ABUNDANCE!

Boots and Shoes, extra, heavy, hand made boots, for men and boys, and an assortment of fine and heavy shoes for Women, Misses and Children. Come to us to buy your boots and shoes for the winter.

HATS AND CAPS

for men and boys, a great variety and at prices to suit all. Full style of ladies hats, wreaths, feathers, flowers, Dress trimmings, &c.

Some choice groceries, tea, coffee, sugar, rice, soda, pepper, spice, good indigo, &c. Come and see our stock,

DONT MISS THE PLACE,

A. Wilson Jr.'s building.

SHIRK & SUTTON,
9;18,'67-tf Waynesburg, Pa.

GIFTS FOR THE MILLION!

A HUGE STOCK,

BOUGHT EXPRESSLY FOR THE FESTIVE DAYS AHEAD, AT

ISAAC HOOPER'S

GROCERY AND CONFECTIONERY!

Mr. Hooper would still have his friends and patrons bear in mind, that he continues in the Grocery and Confectionery trade at his usual place of doing business, and that he has just received

A FRESH SUPPLY

of the best quality of all articles in his line.

TOYS—NOTIONS, and a great variety of useful articles always on hand.

REFRESHMENTS.

In connection with the above, Mr. Hooper keeps a Restaurant, where

DELICIOUS OYSTERS!

With all the "et ceteras," are served at reasonable rates.

The most attractive and most popular resort in town.

6;18'65-1y.

BLACKSMITHING & GUNSMITHING!

For the information of the public who desire work done in this important branch of Mechanics.

MR. JACOB HOOVER,

Announces himself competent and willing to do anything in the line, (shoeing horses excepted.) He is an expert and will warrant satisfaction. Shop near the Planing Mill. 12;11-tf

MEDICAL.

DR. WHITTLESY.

DR. F. WHITTLESY, Physician for Chronic Diseases, has a permanent office in Washington, Pennsylvania, where he has been engaged for the past twelve years in the successful treatment of all

DISEASES OF A CHRONIC NATURE.

The Doctor might present a volume of certificates of cures, complimentary notices, &c., but the most satisfactory testimonial will be given the public in a trial of his skill. Dr. W. devotes exclusive attention to Chronic Ailments, in which his practice has been uniformly successful, effecting cures in many cases that have baffled all other systems of treatment.

Paralysis, Rheumatism, Bronchitis, Catarrah, Deafness, Diseases of the Spine, Stomach, Heart, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Lungs, Female Diseases, General Debility, &c., &c.,

Are all promptly and permanently cured by the Doctor's system of treatment. During the past few years, the Doctor has registered hundreds of cures to which he will be pleased to give those references who may call upon him. He invites all afflicted with any form of Chronic disease and having failed to obtain relief, to

GIVE HIS MEDICINES A TRIAL.

His principal agents are selected entirely from the Vegetable Kingdom, and these are so combined as to equalize the vital forces of the body and thereby restore it to perfect health. The Doctor has been especially successful in the treatment of all

FEMALE DISEASES.

Women by the score fall victims to maladies peculiar to their sex, many of whom might be saved from lives of wretchedness and premature graves by applying in time to Dr. W. The remedies employed in the practice of Dr. W. are manufactured exclusively by him from his own Medical Laboratory and are always pure in quality and specific in effect. Dr. W. diagnoses disease by means of the Urine, the only infallible test of disease, never failing to discover its nature, locality and curability, thus enabling him to employ a

RATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CURATIVE TREATMENT.

Of the absolute certainty of his mode of diagnoses he can satisfy every patient who gives him a trial, from the urine alone he will tell accurately all that can be known of any disease. In the examination of this secretion, he employs optical, chemical and microscopical tests, no case being presented in which one of these tests is not sufficient to an accurate diagnoses. The Doctor does not claim to be a "cure all," nor yet "the right arm of the Almighty stretched forth to save the world from premature dissolution," but he does profess from scientific acquirements and

YEARS OF EXPERIENCE,

Devoted exclusively to the treatment of chronic ills, with his infallible tests of disease, to be able to relieve and permanently cure all those cases which are not already beyond the reach of remedies.

OFFICE

CORNER OF MAIN & CHESTNUT STS.,

OPPOSITE THE MANSION HOUSE

WASHINGTON, PA.

CONSULTATIONS

FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.

9;1-tf. F. WHITTLESY.

The Waynesburg Republican.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES OF THE MAILS TO AND FROM WAYNESBURG:

From Waynesburg to Waynesburg, arrival, Wednesdays, 7½ p. m.; departure, Wednesdays, 6, a. m.—(via Jolleytown.)

From Waynesburg to Willow Tree, arrival, Wednesdays, 11 a. m.; departure, Wednesdays, 12 m.

From Washington Pa. to Waynesburg, arrival daily, 7½ p. m., (except Sundays,) departure daily, 6½ a. m., (except Sundays).

From Rice's Landing to Waynesburg, arrival daily, 8, p. m., (except Sundays,) departure daily, 6, a. m., (except Sundays).

From Waynesburg, Pa. to Cameron, W. Va., arrival, Tuesdays and Saturdays, 5, p. m., departure, Mondays and Fridays, 8, a. m.

From Waynesburg to West Alexander, Wash. Co., Pa., arrival, Saturdays, 7, p. m., departure, Fridays, 7, a. m.

From Waynesburg to Morgantown, W. Va., arrival, Wednesdays, 5, p. m., departure, Thursdays, 6, a. m.

From Waynesburg to Middlebourne, W. Va., arrival, Wednesdays, 5, p. m., departure, Tuesdays, 4, a. m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—The attention of our readers is specially directed to the following advertisements, which appear for the first time in our paper to-day.

Register's Notice—P. Brown.
For the People—Shirk and Sutton.
Gift for the Million—I. Hooper.
Notice—First National Bank.
Great Panic—Wm. Berryhill.
Notice in Bankruptcy—Nathan Zimmerman.
Prospectus—N. Y. Tribune.

CHRISTMAS is coming and with it the season of giving gifts and merrymaking. Now, every body expects a gift, from the "muling infant" to the sire with "piping voice," and we can give no better advice than for you to buy your gifts where invited and of those who will deal fairly—buy them of the patrons of the REPUBLICAN. Evans will sell you almost anything from a shoe-string to a silk dress. Hooper has Holiday presents in abundance. McGurgan deals principally in ladies finery but has plenty that suits the gentlemen. Roberts & Co., are resplendant with nice toilet and fancy articles. M. C. & H. Bell are "A, 1." on the Boot & Shoe question. Sayers & Hoskinson step front when the best is called for. Sowers is *sweet* when it comes to buying Clothing. Rinehart has a smile and a present for everybody—that pays for it. Gaiher is prepared to do the agreeable to all who drop in. Bradley does the hospitality of the "Sherman House" full justice. Benj. & A. Campbell know full well how to please customers. Jno. T. Hughes sells the best of Saddles and Harness. N. Clark & Son will take pleasure in selling you a suit, or any article of wearing apparel. Books, Magazines and Stationery, of the best kind and varieties, at Day's. Shirk & Sutton would like to see the genial faces of their friends. Munnell's Variety Store contains a thousand things that would please yourself or your friend. Good bargains and articles can be had at Wallace's. "Tom" Braden & Co., will sell you a handsome pair of skates, pocket knife, or a cross-cut saw. W. T. Webb, Jr., would be pleased to see you if you want to buy a saddle or a set of harness. Dr. Hertig will administer pleasure and extract pain. Dr. Braden will perfume, oil, or renovate you by consigning your ills to perpetual banishment. W. G. Scott & Co., attend cheerfully to the distribution of their nice candies, toys, etc. For a "right down," good dish of Oysters step into Jno. Parker's. You'll cheat yourself if you don't give Wm. Berryhill a call. "Bob." Dougherty has nothing else to do, all Winter but build carriages—your order, if you please! The machinery has been re-adjusted at the Eagle Foundery and matters progress finely there. Sayers & Rinehart have no *speciality* for the Holidays. Anything in the Furniture line is found at A. Mildred's. Bailey's different styles of Jewelry, rich and durable, make the prettiest of presents. Morg. Rinehart builds a good Boot or Shoe and will do your mending in style. Hickey, or Ferrell, attends to the tonsorial and if there is anything in the way of printing you need, remember, that to have it done well you must call at the REPUBLICAN OFFICE; moreover if any of the above parties wish to immortalise themselves, by making a purchaser of a good bill of goods of him, a present of year's subscription to the REPUBLICAN, thereby securing an excellent advertisement for you and a "good thing" for us, let him "come forward" and have his name enrolled among the "few who were not born to die!"

THE sweetest singer and the sweetest perfume of the day are Adelina Patti and Phalon's "Night-Blooming Cereus." Both are American! The fair singer enraptures everybody—the perfume is in demand everywhere.—*Georgetown Union.*

BUY your Paper and Envelopes at Day's Book Store,

WANTED.—A girl between sixteen and twenty to do general housework in a family of three persons. A permanent home for any trusty, capable girl with good reference, who shall apply at once. For information call at this office.

HOLIDAY Books, in great variety, at Day's Book Store.

PEOPLE'S LINE.—This Company has reorganized and added twenty-five thousand dollars to the capital stock. They have elected a new set of directors and appointed Captain R. R. Abrams, Superintendent. This line is composed of the steamers Chieftain and Elector. These boats were built expressly for the trade and have great speed and superior accomodations. We congratulate the Company on the appointment of Captain Abrams as Superintendent. He is an active and energetic business man. The interests of the Company will not suffer under his administration. The river closed on Saturday last which isolates us until a thaw.

ALL the new Books, at Publishers, prices at Day's Book Store.

"JUST IN TIME!"—This exclamation is justifiable to the forethought of Mr. Isaac Hooper, having fully replenished his stock of Groceries, Confections, Toys a full assortment suitable for holiday gifts, Notions, &c. Big, fat oysters, by the can or dish. Go and see and stop that watering at the mouth.

SCHOOL BOOKS, all kinds, at Day's Book Store

OLD WINTER has inaugurated a grand masquerade, Jack Frost has sent in his card and demands entertainment whether we are so disposed or not. Furs, overcoats, shoes of buffalo, and all the different articles of costume find ready wearers. Happy hearts keep time to the merry jingling of the bells and ruddy cheek and springing step indicates that at least, the many accord him a joyful welcome. But there are those who dread his cold touch as the finger of Death. You who look forward with so much pleasure to glad days of festivity, remember the poor. Brighten the cheerless fire and fill up the empty board. 'Tis the least you can do, and "inasmuch as as you do it to one of these ye do it also to Me."

MR ROBINSON, collector of Int. Revenue for this District was in town last week. No one has been appointed collector *vice* Mr. White, dec'd., to our knowledge.

LOST.—On Saturday last, on Main Street or in the Court House, a gentleman's kid glove, tipped at the wrist with fur. The finder will confer a favor and be paid for trouble by leaving it at this office.

STILL IN MOTION—And kept moving. The choice coal at Ten Mile Works.

For Acts of Charity and Benevolence Philadelphia stands prominent among her sister cities. During the war she had our refreshment saloons where thousands were fed while on their way to the "front," and now, in order that the good work may be continued, it is proposed to provide for the Orphans of many of these brave heroes who fell in defence of the stars and stripes. For this purpose the Washington Library Company of Philadelphia was organized in aid of the Riverside Institute of New Jersey. Here the Orphans of Soldiers and Sailors in all parts of the country will be gratuitously educated and made useful members of society. The just and honorable plan adopted for raising the necessary funds for this charitable object has received the endorsement of every one. Read Advertisement.

STORM.—It snowed the past week almost daily and at present we have the best of sleighing and as it is court a host of people in town. The girls say it is "perfectly lovely!" the boys dub it "bully!" and the old folks grunt it "old fashioned!" Sleighing parties are the "rage."

LEFT TOWN.—The man that don't owe the printer.

DOWN SOUTH.—We are in receipt of copies 2, and 3, of the *Alabama Republican*, just started at Decatur, Alabama, through the courtesy of our old friend and boy-companion, "Frank." Lindsey. The paper is a sprightly sheet, and evidences the dawning of a new era of light in that land of darkness. We wish its editor abundant success. We see by an advertisement that "Frank." proposes to sell his mill and will probably be home soon. We shall heartily welcome him back to "God's country."

COURT.—Court convened Monday afternoon Judges Gilmore, Craft and Hoskinson on the bench. Indications are for a busy time this term. The sledding is good and the town crowded with country people.

"BRAKES DOWN!"—The sound of a steam whistle in this remote region suggests queer reflections. We were launched at once into the world of activity one day recently, by a shrill scream that came directly from the Planing Mill. Huge spectral steamers loomed up before us, depots ringing with the clank of trains, the rattle of coaches and the bustle of travel. Visions of what might have been and what may yet be in Waynesburg. Since the Commissioners are not disposed to entertain our proposal for a town clock the whistle might be of service to many if sounded for regular working hours, morning, noon and night. The proprietors of the Mill have another boiler of larger dimentions in lieu of the former one. This was required by considerations of safety and the want of machinery capable of executing the immense amount of work they are called upon to do.

NOT SO BAD.—The hurt of Mrs. Rev J. S. Gogley, we are happy to state, is not so bad as first reported. She will not be lame from the effect of the fracture.

PLASTERED.—The lecture room of the new C. P. Church, at Carmichals, is plastered and will soon be ready for use. This is the finest church in the County.

ERROR.—Compositors, perhaps, no more than others, are ever ready to get things wrong if there is a wrong way for them. The letting of the Baptist College building contract will be disposed of to the lowest bidder at Jefferson on the 3rd of January next, and not on the 5th, *Sunday*, as our types would have it.

LEG BRUISED.—Saturday morning last, Mr. "Charlie" Bradley, by miss-step or miss-hap, fell through the platform in front of Daugherty's carriage factory, bruising his right leg and otherwise injuring him. Bad times these for getting about. The quicker one gets his Winter legs on the better.

For the REPUBLICAN.

GREENE COUNTY TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.—*Mr. Editor*:—I desire to announce to the public that the first Annual Teacher's Institute for Greene County, will convene at Waynesburg Tuesday, Dec. 31st, at 1 o'clock P. M. and continue in session five days. Ample arrangements are being made for the success of the meeting. The services of men of eminent ability have been invited, and are expected to be present. Among the number, are Hon. J. P. Wickersham, State Superintendent, Rev. J. S. Ermentrout, Principal of State Normal School, Berks Co., S. S. Jack, Institute Lecturer, J. C. Gilchrist, Superintendent of Washington Co., C. W. Wanee, Superintendent of Fayette Co., and other prominent gentlemen are expected to be in attendance.

On Tuesday afternoon, the election of five Professional Teachers for the granting of Permanent Certificates, will be held. All teachers in common schools and in other institutions of learning, as well as those who are preparing for teachers, are regarded as members of the Institute. The friends of education of every class will be considered as honorary members and are invited to participate in the proceedings.

The law requires all teachers in public schools to attend the Institute, and it further provides that the board of directors may grant the time to the teachers in their employ, while attending the county Institute without making any deduction from their salaries.

Every teacher is recommended to attend the Institute. They are eminently successful in other counties, can we not follow in their wake? Directors are requested to act with an eye single to the good of the common schools, upon their action in a great measure, depends the success of our popular system of instruction. We ask the hearty co-operation of all professional characters from every department of business. Let this annual gathering, first under the requirements of law, be long remembered for the number attending, for its moral, social, and intellectual advantages. The fare at the Hotels for teachers is $3,50 for the session, and ladies are entertained free in private families,

Yours Very Respectfully,

T. J. TEAL.

The latest arrival—The cheapest Goods, by odds, yet offered. Enquire at L. K. Evans' Store.

M. C. & H. Bell has $3000 worth of No. 1, Boots & Shoes. They will sell cheaper than can be bought from any other store in Greene Co. If you don't believe it call at Sayer's corner, Waynesburg, and see.

A BRAWLING, razor-powder man, and merry-andrew with a fiddle, entertains the same crowd on the corner that has met there every court for years. He's a new one, old "knee breeches" didn't come to time.

MRS. PARTINGTON INSULTED.—The White Mountains of New Hampshire are evidently a great institution—very high, heavy frosts, beautiful view, four dollar dinners. But the practical eye of a certain renowned Drake saw those smooth-faced rocks, and thereupon adorned and variegated the bridle path to the Tip-top House with his familiar S. T.—1860—X. Plantation Bitters. This raised the ire of the Mrs. Partingtons composing the Legislature of the Granite State, who got their wise heads together, outlawed Dr. Drake, and made it a penal offence to ply the artistic brush on their beloved hills. Verily, the fine arts are at a discount in New Hampshire. Quary.—Did Drake pay them for this splendid advertisement?

MAGNOLIA WATER.—A delightful toilet article—superior to Cologne and at half the price;

PITTSBURG Almanacs for 1868, at Day's Book Store.

COAL DELIVERED.—I will attend to orders for, and insure the *prompt* delivery of choice coal from either the Camp Ground or Ten Mile Works. Large contracts at reduced rates.

GEO. S. JEFFERY,
Telegraph Office.

"I'D SAY!"—Yes, any one would say if they should go and see, that Wm. Berryhill has a complete Boot and Shoe Store. See advertisement elsewhere.

PERSONAL.—Last week our sanctum was gladdened by the presence of Mr. Andrew McCormick, formerly of our county and whilom editor of the Marrietta (O.) *Register*. He is a brother Rad. and as such may always command a welcome.

THE LITTLE CORPORAL for December is a capital number. A new volume begins with the next number. The publisher has determined to continue his offer of the November and December numbers free to all new subscribers received during December. Terms $1,00 a year. Sample copy free if sent for before January 1. Address Alfred L. Sewell, Publisher of The Little Corporal, Chicago, Ill.

WESTON when he arrived at Chicago, was surrounded by an immense crowd, but not greater than would every day surround the Dry Goods establishment of Shirk & Sutton, did every body but know, and knowing dare assert their intelligence, by trading with this popular firm. A new stock, see advertisement.

WE shall begin a series of articles on "Prison Life, by a Prisoner," in our next issue, which will be very interesting. They are written for the REPUBLICAN by one of our own Greene County boys.

A FEW days since, while passing through the Arlington National Cemetery, I noticed the name of H. White, Co. G. 18th, Pennsylvania Cavalry. Grave No. 1097. Thinking perhaps his friends might not know of his whereabouts, I take this method of informing them.

B. FRANK. FLENNIKEN.

Markets.

WAYNESBURG MARKET.

WAYNESBURG, Dec 17, 1867.

Corrected Weekly for the REPUBLICAN.

PRODUCE.

Butter (fresh roll,) ℔ ℔	35
Eggs ℔ doz	20
Potatoes ℔ bush	1 00@1 25
Lard ℔ ℔	10
Tallow ℔ ℔	12½
Country Soap ℔ ℔	08
Dried Apples ℔ ℔	6c

FLOUR AND GRAIN.

Flour ℔ bbl	13 00
Wheat ℔ bush	2 50
Rye ℔ bush	1 25
Corn ℔ bush	75
Corn Meal ℔ bush	80

GROCERIES.

Coffee ℔ ℔	30@33
Tea ℔ ℔	1 85@2 00
Brown Sugar ℔ ℔	15
Refined Sugar ℔ ℔	20
Syrup ℔ gal	60
Molasses (N. Orleans,)	1 20
Sorghum ℔ gal	1 00
Salt ℔ bbl	3 75
Rice ℔ ℔	15

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

MONDAY, Dec. 14, 1867.

During the past week there has been very little animation in any branch of trade.

GRAIN AND FLOUR.

Wheat, Penn'a, and Ohio, Winter Red	$2 50@2 55
Rye ℔ bush	1 45@1 50
Oats ℔ bush	66@67c
Corn ℔ bush	[illegible]@98c
Spring Wheat Flour	10 25@10 75
Winter Wheat	11 50@12 25

PROVISIONS.

Shoulders	11½c
Sugar Cured Hams	24@25
Lard	13½@14
Potatoes ℔ bush	1 00@1 05
Apples ℔ bbl	3 00@3 75
Cheese	16@18
Eggs ℔ doz	32@33
Butter	35@40
Dressed Hogs	8@8½

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY, Dec. 12, 1867.

The "Gazette" says, the Cattle Market was a little more active during the past week, the sales in the aggregate being somewhat larger, but there is still plenty of room for improvement. Prime fat cattle were in good demand and limited supply, and as a consequence, brought an advance, while the commoner grades were unchanged, though more active than last week. One drove of fancy Southern Ohio brought 8¾c. Good to prime butchers cattle may be quoted at 7c to 7½c, medium ditto at 5c to 6½c.

The Hog market has been quite active this week, our packers bought pretty freely, as did also the eastern shippers. Prices advanced, and with the advance there appeared to be a good demand.

The Sheep market has been moderately active during the past week, with prices ranging from $2 80 to 4 40 per cwt., gross, for inferior to prime fat mutton Sheep.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 11.—Corn firm; new mixed western $125. Oats firm at 70@75c.

Married.

NOTICES of Marriages and Deaths inserted free but all Tributes of Respect and Obituaries charged eight cents a line. The money must be advanced to secure their insertion

SOUTH—SHULTZ—On Thursday Dec. 12th, inst., by Rev W. G. Morris, Mr. Enoch South, of Monroe Wisconsin, and Miss Eliza A. Shultz, of Greene Co., Pa.

Enoch expected to return to the west immediately but his wife is now South which may delay his going.

Died.

WHITE—On Tuesday, of last week, Dr. Z. A. White, of Richhill tp., this county died suddenly of appoplexy.

Dr. White, was Deputy collector of Int. Rev. for this county and was an efficient public officer. He had been on a visit to relatives in the West and returned as far as Rocklick, W. Va. Stepping from a house into the coach, for this place, he was seized with the fit and expired in a few moments. He is said to have been subject to nervous derangement.

GEN. CUSTER who was recently tried by courtmartial, has been sentenced to be suspended from rank and pay for one year. Gen. Custer was tried for absence without leave, he having left his command to visit his wife near Fort Harker, at the time the cholera was raging there so furiously.

THE VALLEY RAILROAD.

The subjoined supplement to the Monongahela Valley Railroad charter will be presented to the next Legislature to be enacted into a law. The Monongahela *Republican* speaking of this says, this bill has been prepared by a gentleman who has been intimately identified with the project from its beginning, and whose experience in efforts to organize the company as developed fully the necessity of such a change; and who feels confident that with such a change the road will be soon on a fair way to be constructed. Its publication is requested thus early so that any amendments may be suggested by its friends, if any, so that when it goes to the Legislature it may pass into a law speedily. We will readily publish any articles on the subject and we hope to hear from our friends on the question, whether in the form of objections or amendments.

A Supplement to An Act to incorporate the Monongahela Valley Railroad Company approved April 8. A. D. 1867.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted &c., that the said Monongahela Valley Railroad Company is hereby authorized to construct a Railroad with single or double track from a point at or near the city of Pittsburgh by such route as the Board of Directors may determine to a point at or near Monongahela City, in the County of Washington, and thence along either bank of the Monongahela River to the West Virginia State line; there to connect the same with any railroad or railroads, authorized by the State of West Virginia, with power to construct such branches as the Directors may deem necessary, and to connect all or either of them with railroad or railroads now constructed, or that may be hereafter constructed, and that the said company shall have authority to cross any railroad or railroads at grade with its main railroad or its branches and extentions.

SEC. 2. That the capital Stock of said company may be increased to any amount necessary to construct and equip said Railroad, and its branches, by a majority of the Stockholders present at a meeting called for that purpose, and the time for completing said Railroad, is hereby extended five years and that all parts of the act to which this is a supplement inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

GUN WORKS DESTROYED.

On Friday last, in Pittsburg, a fire broke out in the Great Western Gun works, situated on the corner of Wayne and Penn streets, in the Fourth ward, resulting in the entire destruction of the Gun Works, the flour store of D. Wallace, fronting on Penn street, and the marble works of R. A. Colville, fronting on Wayne street.

Immediatly in the rear of the office of the gun works was stored a large amount of Government ammunition. This storehouse ran parallel to Penn street. It is stated that a large number of loaded guns were stored in the works and this Government depot. The fire soon reached these and a terrific explosion followed. The loaded guns were discharged in every direction, endangering the lives of the firemen and large numbers of spectators, who flocked to the scene.

The buildings in the vicinity of the Gun Works were riddled with bullets; a large number of the windows in the Ft. Wayne building were broken, some of the bullets entering the Telegraph office taking the operator by surprise. The outside of the building was covered with bullet marks, the balls principally passing over the heads of the crowd below, and whistling in a manner not at all agreeable. The rear windows of the adjoining stores on Liberty steeet were also riddled by bullets.

One man was killed by the flying missiles, and several injured, two or three mortally.

The Cookstown Murderers.

Sheriff Boyd, of Fayette county on the 11th inst, safely consigned to the Western Penitentiary, in Allegheny City, Wm. J. Fleming and John Britton, convicted last week in the Criminal Court of that county of manslaughter, in the killing of Mr. Evans, at Cookstown. The former was sentenced to three years and three months imprisonment in the Peeitentiary, and the latter to two years and three months. Both are mere youths—Fleming being nineteen and Britton seventeen years of age.

THE Mercer *Press* of Saturday says: Wm. Pardoe, of Finley township, on Tuesday last met with a terrible accident—no less than the killing of his own son, a lad of from twelve to fourteen years of age. As our informant states, he was shooting hogs, when the boy, along with others, was standing fifteen or twenty feet at his left side. The cap exploded without a discharge from the gun following; a second cap with the same result, when he laid the gun in the hollow of his left arm, to put on a third cap, and in this position it was discharged, the ball from which passed through the head of his son. "My God, I have killed my son," was the exclamation of the unfortunate father, as soon as he saw him fall, when he, too, fell to the earth.

Locomotive Boiler Explosion Several Persons Killed.

WHEELING, December 10.—A locomotive boiler exploded this morning, causing the instant death of the conductor, engineer and another employee of the road. A foreman in the engine shop, in this city, named Shafer, died from injuries received, to day.

AN editor became martial, and was created captain. On parade, instead of "two paces front—advance," he unconsciously bawled out, "Cash—two dollars a year in advance!"

Dry Goods.

FRANK McGURGAN

ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS A CANDIDATE FOR THE PATRONAGE OF THE PEOPLE IN THE BUSINESS OF SELLING DRY GOODS.

ROOM OPPOSITE THE GREENE HOUSE,

WAYNESBURG, PA.

He has just received and is now offering for sale at the lowest prices, the finest stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

Ever before offered in this market, consisting in part, of Fall and Winter Clothing

FOR MEN AND BOYS!

A very large stock that cannot be excelled; also, a very superior assortment of

LADIES' GOODS

Of all kinds, consisting in part, of New Dress and Cloak Trimmings, Velvet Ribbons—every width and shade; Satins and silks, latest styles;

BUGLE TRIMMINGS AND BUTTONS!

Sash, Bonnet, Neck and Trimming Ribbons; Laces—real point, Applique and Valencia. Handkerchiefs—Lace, Embroidered, Hemstitched and Plain. Hamburg work—a fine assortment.

JET AND BOGWOOD JEWELRY.

A large assortment of Kid Gloves—first quality for ladies and gentlemen.

STRAW, VELVET AND PLUSH HATS

Bonnets and Bonnet Frames; Bonnet ornaments and flowers, both French and American; together with any and all articles in use by ladies. Ask for anything you want and we can supply you. Also a fine assortment of

CARPETS AND WALL PAPER

of various kinds and patterns, all of which will be sold cheap as the cheapest.

11:13-tf. FRANK McGURGAN.

SOMETHING NEW!

MRS. E. S. SAYERS & HOSKINSON

Have just arrived from the East with a large assortment of foreign and domestic

DRY GOODS,

FALL AND WINTER STYLES!

which they propose to sell at the lowest CASH prices! such as Dress Goods, Dress Trimming, Dress Buttons, Ladies Shawls, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps; also, a great variety of nice articles, at very low prices for

GENTLEMEN AND LADIES' WEAR,

Wares of all kinds, and a complete variety of the best GROCERIES. All of which they propose to sell at the very lowest figures, depending on the quality and cheapness of their goods to gain them custom.

Give them a call before purchasing elsewhere, and they will prove that the above is correct. Room in Allison's building, nearly opposite the Court House, Waynesburg. 4;1,'67-tf

BEAUTIFUL DISPLAY!

OF

DRY GOODS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, &c.,

AT

EVANS' ESTABLISHMENT.

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT

OF

EVERYTHING IN THE LINE!

Wishing to close out for the Fall trade, he offers his goods at astonishing low rates for cash. The stock is as late as the latest and the best in market.

Minor's Building, opposite the Greene House.
4;24-3m L. K. EVANS.

IMPORTANT TO

BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS!

WAYNESBURG STEAM PLANING MILL.

It gives us pleasure to announce to the public the completion of this work and the readiness of the proprietors to

RECEIVE ORDERS!

AND

MAKE CONTRACTS!

The best improved machinery is used. Planing, Ploughing and Grooving, Sash and Door Making, Pannelling, Ripping, moulding &c., rapidly and skilfully executed. Ruling prices paid for

ALL KINDS OF LUMBER!

They are also prepared to do all kinds of Carpenter Work, with the utmost promptness, and in the most substantial manner.

They respectfully solicit a share of public patronage, and flatter themselves that they will in all cases be able to

GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION!

All orders promptly attended to.

BRADEN, WALTON & SAYERS,

8;14-tf. Waynesburg, Pa.

Miscellaneous.

GREAT BARGAINS!

—IN—

BOOTS AND SHOES!

NEW STOCK!

NEW STORE!

CUSTOM-MADE WORK!

CHEAPER THAN EVER, AT

M. C. & H. BELL'S,

(SUCCESSORS TO HALSTED,)

SAYERS' CORNER,

WAYNESBURG, PA.

Call and examine, and save money!

GOTO M. C. & H. BELL'S FOR BARGAINS
12;4-1y.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE IN THE TOWN OF WAYNESBURG,

FOR SALE.

By Virtue of an order, to us, from the Orphans' Court of Greene County, we will expose to Sale by public Vendue or out-cry, on the premises, on

WEDNESDAY THE 18TH DAY OF DECEMBER NEXT!

The following real estate, late, the property of Robert Adams deceased,

1. That certain well known square of Lots numbered in the plan of the town of Waynesburg 46 47 and 48 bounded on the East by Morris Street, on the West by Blackbery Alley, on the North by Franklin Street and on the South by Strawberry Alley, containing One Hundred and Eighty feet square more or less, being the homestead property of the late Robert Adams, dec'd. On this there is erected a large and commodious

BRICK HOUSE!

two stories high; brick kitchen, one story; also adjoining it a brick house one story high with two rooms. There is also attached to this property an

EXTENSIVE TANNERY!

with large and powerful STEAM ENGINE and fixtures attached. The square being set in fruit trees makes it a most beautiful situation, with every convenience necessary for town property and residence. It has always been regarded as among the most desirable properties in the town.

—ALSO—

At the same time and place, so much of the Square of Lots immediately North of the above described, as is contained in one hundred and twenty feet on Morris street and running back one hundred and eighty feet to Blackberry alley, more or less, adjoining that portion of said square sold by Robert Adams in his lifetime to James Golden, having on the portion to be sold a good stable. These lots being in a very eligible position, would make most excellent lots to build private residences upon.

—ALSO—

At the same time and place, so much of that square of lots numbered 49, 50 and 51, as remains after taking off what was sold to Dawson Adams by the said Robert Adams, in his lifetime, to wit: Beginning on the corner of Franklin street thence along Morris street about one hundred and twenty feet to line of said Dawson Adams, thence along said line about one hundred and eighty feet to Fruit alley, thence by same about one hundred and twenty feet to Franklin street, thence along same about one hundred and eighty feet to beginning.

TERMS OF SALE:

One-third of the purchase money on confirmation of sale, one-third in six months thereafter, and the balance in twelve months from confirmation, with interest from confirmation.

DAWSON ADAMS,
ELIJAH ADAMS,
11;27-ts Executors.

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS

AND PHŒNIX BITTERS.

The Most Successful Medicines in the World.

Established in 1835 by one of our Most Eminent Physicians, and now used throughout North and South America, with more pleasing results than any other Medicine in cases of diseased Liver, Blood or Skin, Indigestion, Costiveness, Bilious Complaints, Rheumatism and Fever and Ague.

Thousands of certificates are in our possession, giving detailed accounts of perfect CURES effected by these invaluable Medicines. They regulate the System and put all the functions of the body in a healthy condition.

Sold by all Druggists. White & Howland, Proprietors, Successors to Dr. John Moffat and Dr. W. B. Moffat, New York.

LIST OF GRAND JURORS DRAWN FOR DECEMBER TERM, 1867.

Daniel Mordock, Jefferson township,
John Brewer, Jackson "
Archibald Grooms, Cumberland "
Robert Zimmerman, Wayne "
Asa Miller, Dunkard, "
Jesse Grove, Centre "
Joseph McCormack, Dunkard "
Josephus Morris, Greene "
John Moore, Franklin "
Ellis Garrison, Perry "
Daniel Cowell, Dunkard "
Cary Meek, Morris "
Abner Hoge, Centre, "
Justus Garard, Sr., Monongahela "
Zenas Johnson (of Zack.) Wash. "
Wm. Stoy, Marion "
Mordock Silvius, Wayne "
Phillip Lynch, Dunkard "
Abner Johns, Jackson "
Bowman Fuller, Whitely "
Hamilton Maple, Wayne "
Lisbon Russell, Dunkard "
B. F. Hook, Franklin "
George Cowel, Dunkard "

LIST OF PETTIT JURORS DRAWN FOR DECEMBER TERM, 1867.

Abner Stigers, Jackson township
Jacob Rinehart, Franklin "
Martin Rice, Jefferson "
Isaac Burson, Cumberland "
John Meek, Centre "
Benjamin Rice, Dunkard "
Alfred Stoops, Whitely "
Benjamin Ross, Greene "
Stephen Knight, Richhill "
Richard Baremore, Perry "
Jeptha Moore, Springhill "
Wm. T. Webb, Marion "
Samuel Bradford, Whitely "
Eli Estle, (of Mathew) Jefferson "
John R. Bell, Morgan "
Jacob Braden, do "
William Clovis, Gilmore "
William Johns, Whitely "
James Jolliff, Carmichaels Borough "
Joseph Conner, Perry "
Peter Hewit, Cumberland "
Abner Hatfield, Monongahela, "
George Huffman, Richhill, "
Thomas Sharpneck, Jefferson "
John McCoy, Monongahela "
Abner Fordyce, Greene "
William Gordon, Franklin "
Samuel Thompson, Richhill "
Wm. Knox, Carmichaels Borough, "
Henry Cole, Wayne "
James H. Fordyce, Jr., Whitely "
William Carpenter, Wayne "
Martin Moniger, Marion "
Wm. Lantz, Jr., Wayne "
Robert Carle, Richhill "
Hiram H. Cree, Cumberland "
Aaron Shelby, Dunkard "
William Coffman, Morris "
Maxwell McCarrol, Morris "
Henry Johnson, Wayne "

Legal Advertisements.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all creditors, legatees, wards and other persons interested, that the undersigned Executors, Administrators and Guardians have filed their accounts in the Register's Office, and that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court to be held within and for the County of Greene, on Wednesday, December 18, 1867, for confirmation and allowance.

PETER BROWN,
Register and Recorder.

Account of Robert Dinsmore and John Dinsmore, Executors of the estate of Thomas Dinsmore, dec'd.
Account of Hon. Jonathan Garrard, Administrator of Jacob Livengood, dec'd,
Account of Jesse Orndorff, guardian of —— Fordyce, minor child of Solomon Fordyce, deceased.
Account of J. H. Brister, Administrator upon the estate of Robert Brister, dec'd.
Final account of T. W. Taylor and Samuel Bayard, Administrators upon the estate of A. Martin, Jr., dec'd.
Account of John McGlumphy, Administrator upon the estate of Nathaniel Cumpson, deceased.
Final account of A. A. Purman, Esq., Guardian of James Rupe, a minor child of Samuel Rupe, dec'd.
Final account of Daniel Fuller, surviving guardian of Susannah Hess, a minor child of John Hess, dec'd.
Account of Amos Walton, Guardian of S. A. Walton, a minor child of Jonathan Walton, deceased.
Account of Amos Walton, Guardian of J. B. Walton, minor child of Jonathan Walton, dec'd.
Account of Philip Marsh, Guardian of Mary Darbin, a minor.
Account of James Call, Administrator upon the estate of Benjamin Grinage, dec'd.
Account of William Gwyn and Marshall Gwyn Administrators upon the estate of James Gwyn, dec'd.
Account of Eliza Weaver, Administratrix and George Weaver, Administrator upon the estate of Isaac Weaver, dec'd,
Account of Eli Jacobs, Executor of the last will and testament of Cavilier Poland, dec'd.
Account of Joseph P. Keener, Administrator of George Keener, dec'd.
Final account of Joseph R. Donley, Executor of the last will and testament of Barnet Renner, dec'd.
Partial account of Joseph Reeves, and I. L. Craft, Executors of the last will and testament of John R. Reeves, dec'd.
Account of David R. Jones, Administrator upon the estate of Arorala Jones, dec'd.
Account of Geo. G. Gayman and C. J. Kinder, Administrator of Isaac H. Kinder, dec'd.
Account of Ettelbert Loy, one of the Executors of the last Will and Testament of Stephen Stone, dec'd.

LIST OF CAUSES SET DOWN FOR TRIAL AT DEC. TERM, 1867.

Hook vs Hook, No. 90, Nov. Term, 1859.
Brank vs Kent, No. 166, March Term, 1860.
Morris vs Lucas, No. 71, June Term, 1862.
Wilson vs Downey, No. 56, December Term, 1863.
Sharpneck vs Curle, No. 194, June Term, 1865.
Sanders vs Morris tp., No. 42, Sept. Term, 1865.
Pettit vs same, No. 44, Sept. Term, 1865.
Coleman vs Taylor, No. 83, Sept. Term, 1865.
Maple vs Prior, et al, No. 37, Dec. Term, 1865.
F. & D. Bank vs Meighen, No. 90, Dec. Term, 1865.
Pettit vs Richhill tp. No. 116, Dec. Term, 1865.
Messenger vs same, No. 144, Dec. Term, 1865.
Mestrezatte vs Mong. & Ken Oil Com., No. 63, March Term, 1866.
Lemley vs Taylor, No. 75, March Term, 1866.
Jayne vs Kent, No. 90, March Term, 1866.
Ross vs Richhill tp., No. 157, March Term, 1866.
Foster's Admr's. vs Anderson, No. 15, June Term, 1866.
Blacklege Guard. vs Vale, No. 205, June Term, 1866.
Crain et al vs Peterson & Downey, No. 36, Sept. Term, 1866.
Hornbake vs Hedge, et al, No. 69, September Term, 1866.
Reynolds vs Waters, No. 149, Sept. Term, 1866.
Lindsey Ex'rs. vs Sayers, No. 159, Sept. Term, 1866.
Good vs Richhill tp., No. 172, March Term, 1866.
Evans vs South et al, No. 7, Dec. Term, 1866.
Jones vs Morris tp., No. 131, Dec. Term, 1866.
Porter's Adm'rs. vs Rinehart. No. 163, June Term, 1867.
First Nat. Bank vs Antell, No. 83, Sept. Term 1867.

J. F. TEMPLE,
11;27-te Clerk.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE:

That on the 23rd day of November, A. D. 1867, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of OTHO WADE, of Perry township, in the county of Greene, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by Law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their Debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Court House, in Waynesburg, Greene county, Pensylvania, before Joseph R. Donley, Register, on the 8TH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1868, at 1 o'clock, p. m.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY,
12;4-4t U. S. Marshal.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE:

That on the 23rd day of November, A. D. 1867, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of WENMAN WADE, of Perry tp., in the county of Greene, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition: that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by Law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their Debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Court House, in Waynesburg, Greene county, Pennsylvania, before Joseph R. Donley, Register, on the 7TH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1868, at 1 o'clock, p. m.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY,
12;4-4t U. S. Marshal.

Sewing Machines.

THE WORLD RENOWNED

SINGER

SEWING MACHINE,

OUR NEW FAMILY MACHINE,

Has been over two years in preparation, and which has been brought to perfection regardless of time, labor or expense, and is now confidently presented to the public as incomparably the best Sewing Machine in existence.

The Machine in question is simple, compact, durable and beautiful. It is quiet, light running and capable of performing a range and variety of work never before attempted upon a single Machine—using either Silk, Twist, Linen or Cotten Thread, and sewing with equal facility the very finest and coarsest materials, and anything between the two extremes, in the most beautiful and substantial manner. Its attachments for Hemming, Braiding, Cording, Tucking, Quilting, Felling, Trimming, Binding, etc., are Novel and Practical, and have been invented and adjusted especially for this Machine.

New designs of the unique, useful and popular folding tops and cabinet cases peculiar to the Machines manufactured by this Company have been prepared for enclosing the new Machines. These are gotten up in every variety of wood, such as Black Walnut, Mahogany, Rosewood, and the like, and from the plainest to the most elaborate pattern and finish—the Machines themselves being more or less highly ornamented, to correspond with the Tables or Cabinets for which they are intended.

A few reasons why SINGER'S latest improved SEWING MACHINES are the best for Family and General Purposes.

1st. You can sew anything from the finest single thickness of Swiss or Nainsook to several thicknesses of the heaviest Beaver cloth, using any kind or size of thread with equal facility, from No. 200 Cotton up to the heaviest patent or Linen thread.

2d. It uses a short, straight needle, easily set, and makes the popular Lock Stitch alike on both sides.

3d. It has an even self-adjusting tension which requires no change for different thicknesses of material or different sizes of thread.

4th. It is free from all springs, wires and other complications, and is almost noiseless.

5th. No threads to hold or wheels to turn in starting.

6th. It does not have to be taken apart to oil and clean it.

7th. It has a perfect feed whereby you can sew the finest materials without having to keep your work stretched to prevent its "puckering," and you never have to assist the work through as in all other machines.

8th. It will hem any width, sew a straight seam, or make a fell in the most perfect manner, with less skill than is required to sew a straight seam on any other machine.

Its attachments for Braiding, Cording, Quilting, Binding, Tucking, &c., are novel and practical, and require but little skill to use them.

Careful instructions given at the house of the purchaser.

Money refunded if the machines are not as represented.

Every machine warranted and kept in repair three years without charge.

H. P. UNCAPHER,
Agent for Greene County,
9;4-tf. Waynesburg, Pa.

E. M. SAYERS,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

In addition to other business will attend to all cases in Bankruptcy that may be entrusted to his care. Office, opposite Drug Store of G. W. Roberts & Co.

I. O. OF O. F.

WAYNESBURG LODGE, NO. 469.

Hall in Ganear's Building, east Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa. Time, Tuesday evening, each week.

Printing.

PRINTING!

"THE WAYNESBURG REPUBLICAN"

JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

Sayers' Building, East of the Public Square,

WAYNESBURG, PA.

PAMPHLETS,
PROGRAMMES,
BILL HEADS,
BUSINESS CARDS,
POSTERS,
BLANKS,
LABELS,
&c., &c.,

NEATLY EXECUTED.

WE HAVE NOW A GREAT VARIETY

OF MATERIAL!

And a more complete stock of

PAPER, CARDS, &c.,

Than any establishment within the limits of our business circle,

AND WE ARE PREPARED

To execute every description of

JOB PRINTING!

IN A

STYLE OF NEATNESS AND BEAUTY!!

WHICH

CANNOT BE SURPASSED ANYWHERE.

We employ the most competent printers, and propose to

MEET EVERY ORDER!

With which we are favored, in the

SHORTEST TIME POSSIBLE!

AND

IN THE MOST SATISFACTORY MANNER!

Particular attention given to

FINE RULE WORK!

CERTIFICATES,

CHECKS, &c.,

TERMS REASONABLE!

List us have a call before going elsewhere.

JAS. E. SAYERS,
1y33 Waynesburg, Pa.

Business Cards.

T. W. ROSS,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office in Jewell's building, West end of Main St. Waynesburg. 4:1-'66-tf.

GEO. S. JEFFERY,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

All business pertaining to the office attended to promptly. Office with P. & A. Telegraph Co., east of the Court House. 4:1-tf.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

OF WAYNESBURG

DISCOUNT DAY.....TUESDAYS.
D. Bonnet, Pres't. J. C. Flenniken, Cashier.
May 15, '66-1y.

F. A. BALL,

Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, etc., etc.

AT McCOY'S OLD STAND,

2:8-1y. Greensboro, Pa.

LEWIS DAY,

DEALER IN BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

Wall Paper, Window Paper, &c. Sunday School Books of all kinds constantly on hand, room in Mrs. Rush's building, formerly occupied by Cotterell & Taylor, Waynesburg, Pa.
May 9, '66-1y.

WM. BAILEY,

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.

Keeps on hands always a choice and select assortment of Watches and Jewelry. Repairing done at the lowest rates. 4:1-'67-1y.

WM. T. WEBB, JR.,

SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKER,

(IN WILSON'S BUILDING, MAIN ST.)

Saddles, Bridles, Harness kept on hand and made to order. Work done in the best style, and at reasonable rates.

☞ Repairing a speciality on short notice. Farmer friends go look at his stock. 4:24-1y.

DENTISTRY.

I have located in Waynesburg, and am occupying the late residence of Dr. S. S. Patton. Having taken great pains to become thoroughly acquainted with both the theory and practice of Dentistry, and having had an experience of seven years in the profession, I feel warranted in saying that my patients shall have no cause to complain of inferior operations. Extraction will be rendered painless, when desired, by the administration of "Laughing gas" or other anesthetics. Charges moderate, and all operations warranted as represented. I will be at home without PER ADVENTURE from the fifteenth to the thirtieth of every month. JOS. S. HERTIG.
6:12-tf

MARBLE WORKS,

SUMMERSGILL & BRO.

(JEWELL'S OLD STAND, UPPER END OF TOWN.)

The public are respectfully informed that Summersgill & Bro. have just received a large stock of all kinds of

MARBLE WORK!

Such as Grave Stones, Monuments, Mantle Work, &c. We are prepared to furnish work at reasonable terms on short notice. Call and examine our stock, styles, and prices, before purchasing elsewhere. 5:8-tf.

SHERMAN HOUSE,

JUST OPENED BY

THOMAS BRADLEY.

Positively the most complete Hotel in our town. Everything combined to furnish the best accommodation ever yet offered to the public.

Meals furnished at all hours, table provided with the best of the season.

Travellers and those desirous of refreshment will do well to call. "Tom" still retains his old reputation of an accommodating gentleman, and hospitable landlord. House, the one formerly occupied by the "Messenger" Office, 5:8-'66-1y.

JOHN H. HOFFMAN,

MORGANTOWN, WEST VIRGINIA.

ATTORNEY FOR COLLECTING

PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, ARREARS OF PAY,

AND ALL MILITARY CLAIMS.

Having had 17 years experience in prosecuting such claims, I have become familiar with the various Laws—and the large amount of record evidence in my possession enables me to be very successful in prosecuting suspended claims, and in many instances have proved successful when the claimant had long given them up in despair. No matter how difficult the claim so it is just. 8:28-1y.

ROBERT DOUGHERTY,

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER, WAYNESBURG, PA.

Respectfully gives notice that he has located in Waynesburg, Pa., where he intends to manufacture

CARRIAGES

Of every description. From his experience in the business he feels confident that his work, in style, finish and durability, will give entire satisfaction. It is his determination to purchase the best material in market, and employ none but competent workmen.

☞ All work warranted for one year. ☜
2:22-'66-tf.

WAYNESBURG MARBLE AND STONE WORKS.

SAYERS & RINEHART.

Still continue to carry on the Marble and Stone cutting business at their long established stand immediate east of the Public Square, between High and Greene streets, Waynesburg, Pa.

This establishment has been in constant operation since 1852, and the long experience and energy of the proprietors, linked with the exercise of sound judgment and good taste, have won for them a wide spread and enviable reputation. An extensive stock of the various varieties of the best marble kept constantly on hand. Special attention paid to polishing, pressing, carving and engraving.

All orders promptly filled. 4:23-'66-1f.

GEORGE C. STURGISS, Attorney at Law. JOHN C. WAGNER, Notary Public.

STURGISS & WAGNER,

UNITED STATES CLAIM AND GENERAL COLLECTING AGENTS.

☞ For the adjustment of CLAIMS, of all kinds against the United States, such as

PENSIONS, INCREASE OF PENSIONS, BOUNTY, $100 EXTRA BOUNTY,

and those of any other class call on or write to the Military and Naval Agency of

STURGISS & WAGNER,
Walnut St., 1 door below Hagans' corner, (Up Stairs,)
8:21,'67-6m MORGANTOWN, W. VA.

E. A. TINKER.....H. L. MAPEL.

TINKER & MAPEL,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FOR THE SALE OF

HOGS, CATTLE AND SHEEP,

AT THEIR OWN YARDS,

WEST BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

ADJOINING MD. LIVE STOCK SCALES.

Consignments respectfully solicited. All communications promptly answered. Post Office Address—Box 1300. 7:24-1y.

I. O. OF O. F.

WAYNESBURG ENCAMPMENT, NO. 119.

Hall in Ganear's Building, east Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa. First and second Friday's of each month. dh.

LOOK OUT!

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the late firm of Call, Roberts & Co., either by note or book account, will do well to call and settle their accounts. All that are not paid immediately will be placed in the hands of a proper officer for collection.

CALL & McCLELLAND.
Oak Forrest, Nov. 11, '67 Surviving Partners.
12:18-3w

Groceries &c.

READ AND KNOW—

QUICK SALES AND SHORT PROFITS!

—o—

IMMENSE STOCK OF FRESH GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

Constantly arriving at the Store of

JOHN MUNNELL,

WAYNESBURG, PA.

Consisting, in part, of

GROCERIES,
CONFECTIONARIES,
TOBACCO,
SEGARS,
SNUFF,
CRACKERS,
CHEESE,
MOLASSES,
CARBON OIL,
FISH,
BACON,
&c., &c., &c.,

—o—

In addition to the above, a full stock of

NOTIONS, HARDWARE, SPECTACLES, POCKET KNIVES

and thousands of other articles, which are being sold as low as the

TIMES WILL PERMIT!

COME AND BUY.

JOHN MUNNELL.
11:13tf.

MURDER!

"OVER THE LEFT."

A

Majority of those who read newspapers, never even give a hasty glance at a business advertisement and if a

MAN

Actually has a choice variety of goods which he is selling at the VERY LOWEST prices that can be afforded, it hardly pays him to publish the fact. Therefore we have

FOUND

It best to simply invite everybody to call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere, and say but little in regard to our ability and determination to make it advantageous to those who are not

DEAD

To their own interest to buy their Candies, Nuts, Raisons, Groceries and everything

IN

The Grocery line o. H. A. Rinehart, in Ledwith's old building, opposite the public square,

WAYNESBURG.

A FRESH SUPPLY

JUST RECEIVED AND

FOR SALE AT THE

LOWEST PRICES.

10:30-tf.

WILLIAM WALLACE,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS!

ON DOOR WEST OF PETER BROW'S STORE.

We have just received a well selected stock of Choice FAMILY GROCERIES, which we purchased for CASH and are confident that we can supply our customers and all who may favor us with a call, as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other house in the county.

SUGARS,
MOLASSES,
SYRUPS,
TEAS,
RICE,
SODA,
TOBACCOS,
CIGARS,
SNUFFS, CANDLES, SOAPS, EXTRACT, COFFEE, STRAWBERRIES, JELLIES,
&c., &c., &c.

Don't fail to examine our stock and see for yourselves, for we are determined to sell as cheap as the cheapest. 5:8-tf '67

JOHN HUGHES.....THOMAS LUCAS.

T. LUCAS & CO.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

And dealers in Groceries, Hardware, Leather, Shoe Findings, Iron, Nails, Salt, Fish, &c. Also, agents for Aubrey, Cronlow & Coon's Window Sash. A supply kept constantly on hands, Rice's Landing, Pa., above the RUN. 6:5-tf.

LAZEAR BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

No. 77, EXCHANGE PLACE, BALTIMORE.

JAS. B. LAZEAR,
WM. L. LAZEAR. 5:15-1y.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

As the firm of HUGHES & LUCAS is dissolved by mutual consent, the Commission business will still be carried on at the old stand, in good order, and on the most reasonable terms, in the name and style of L. HUGHES & CO., (senior partner.) They flatter themselves, by having the House and the best location in the place for that business, that they will RECEIVE a liberal share of the public patronage.

They will also keep a good supply of GROCERIES on hand to accommodate all who may favor them with a call.

4:10-tf. L. HUGHES & CO., Rice's Landing, Pa.

Decedents' Estates.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Letters of administration upon the estate of George Lightner, late of Morris tp., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY LIGHTNER,
MICAJAH LIGHTNER,
SAMUEL LIGHTNER,
11:13-6t. Executors.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Letters testamentary upon the estate of Jas. Stewart, of Center Tp., Greene county Pa., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES CALL,
JOB THROCKMORTON,
10:13-6w Executor.

Poetry.

SONG OF THE GRANT CLUBS.

BY PRIVATE MILES O'REILLY.

AIR—*Benny Havens, Oh!*

Come fill your glasses, fellows,
And stand up in a row,
On a Presidential drinking
We are going for to go;
Let us trample down all party ties
Beneath our love of right,
And proudly claim Ulysses Grant
As captain of our fight!
So, for President Ulysses
Let every glass be bright—
May he rule the country he has saved,
And God defend the right!

In the world to-day no prouder name
Is borne on any breeze,
And with Grant to steer the ship of State,
Our flag shall rule the seas;
No "Dominion" shall be north of us.
And south of us no foe—
Our Stars and Stripes in the Canadas,
And likewise Mexico!
For with President Ulysses
Will be few who care to fight—
May he rule the country he has saved,
And God defend the right!

His hand is soft to meet a friend
And mailed to meet a foe—
He's the Mississippi river horse,
Resistless as it flow;
And our brethren of the beaten States—
These "aliens" of to-day—
Will find a generous hand held out
When Grant has come to sway!
For generous is Ulysses
To the men who felt his might—
May he rule the country he has saved,
And God defend the right!

So boys! a final bumper,
While we all in chorus chant—
"For next President we nominate
Our own Ulysses Grant!"
And if asked what State he hails from,
This our sole reply shall be,
"From near Appomattox Court-House,
With its famous apple tree!"
For 'twas there to our Ulysses,
That Lee gave up the fight—
Now, boys, "To Grant for President,
And God defend the right!"

Miscellaneous.

The Pittsburgh Election.

At the charter election held in that city on the 10th inst., Riddell, the Republican candidate, was badly beaten by Blackmore, the candidate of the Workingmen. Blackmore received very nearly the entire Democratic support, and the vote of multitudes of the republicans in addition. Indeed Mr. Riddell carried but one precinct in the whole city, and that by a majority of only four votes.

Allinder, independent Republican was elected City Treasurer, over McCarthy, regular Republican. Allinder was adopted by the Workingmen, and was supported by the Democrats generally, as well as by many Republicans.

Slagle, regular Republican, was elected City Attorney, over Burgwin, Workingman.

McCargo, regular Republican, was elected Controller, over Wright, Workingman.

The select council stands twenty-three Republicans to three Democrats, and one Labor Reform. The Common Council, thirty-eight Republicans to five Democrats.

An exchange gives the following explanation of that peculiar state of the atmosphere called Indian summer; as the sun moves South so to speak, in his approach to his winter solstice, his rays fall more obliquely upon the earth's disc than in midsummer, and of course with less intensity of heat. Add to this the fact that these rays are softened and mellowed by shining through an atmosphere filled with the peculiar dust and gossamer from ripened and decaying vegetation, as well as from real smoke, and we have the rich Mosaic atmosphere called by the suggestive name of Indian summer.

Prejudice.—Prejudice may be compared to a misty morning in October: a man goes forth to an eminence, and at the summit of a neighboring hill a figure, apparently of gigantic stature for such the imperfect medium through which he is viewed would make him appear; he goes forward a few steps, and the figure advances towards him; the size lessens as they approach: they draw still nearer, and the extraordinary appearance is gradually but sensibly diminished: at last, they meet—and, perhaps, the person he had taken for a *monster* proves to be his own brother.

Brides.—An impudent writer treating on the "natural history of brides," classifies them thus:—Sentimental brides, who marry for love; speculative brides, who marry for money; anxious brides, who marry for the sake of being married; accommodating brides, who marry because their lovers ask them; unresisting brides, who marry because their friends desire them to marry; inquisitive brides, who marry for curiosity; and invalid brides, who marry to restore their health.

The following letter, *verbatim et literatim*, as printed, was sent to the office of a Leaven worth paper, and "speaks for itself:"

Kikapoo, nov. 25, 1867.—Dere Zur; Will you plese Inform me weather nigger suphrage Was carried at The late lection If sech ig rant peepul is to vote I want to leav this God fursaking State, and no back to Suthern Illinois Yeurs Trooly.

Conversation.—Conversation is the daughter of reasoning, the mother of knowledge, the breath of the soul, the commerce of hearts, the bond of friendship, the nourishment of content, and the occupation of men of wit.

An irreverent rascal publishes the following atrocious conundrum: What is the difference between a maiden of sixteen and a maiden of sixty? One is careless and happy and the other hairless and cappy.

A lady condeming the wearing of mustaches declared—"It is one of the fashions I set my face against."

The Union League of Philadelphia has nominated General Grant for President.

Clothing.

AN IMMENSE STOCK OF WINTER CLOTHING—

NOW OPENING AT

N. CLARK & SON'S

FASHIONABLE AND POPULAR CLOTHING STORE.

Bought just in the "Nick of Time," and will be sold only a fraction higher than in the days of

GOLD AND SILVER!

We can offer inducements that no other establishment

IN THE PLACE CAN!

Having made our purchase in Philadelphia in the most

FAVORABLE TIME OF THE SEASON.

We invite particular attention to our business suits and

FINE BEAVER OVERCOATS!

In the

FRENCH,
MOSCOW,
CHINCHILLA
and AMERICAN

Beaver Overcoats, we cannot be surpassed for

QUALITY, STYLE, OR PRICE.

A large selection of GENT'S and BOY'S Clothing.
We have Hats and Caps for Men and Boys of all the

LATEST AND BEST STYLES.

In our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department we make it

OUR SPECIAL OBJECT

To keep a better class of goods than can be found in any similar Establishment. Having always on hand all the neatest and most novel styles of

TIES,
SCARFS,
COLLARS,
&c., &c., &c.,

In PAPER COLLARS we have no equal. We have only to add:

Oh! Countless mortals, where ever you be,
Behold these lines and see your remedy;
Ye weary men with Cuff and Collars worn,
With Stockings full of holes and badly torn,
Whose gloves are thumbless and ties are lost,
Come and replace them at little cost.
We'll fit you out in style from head to feet,
You'll look so well whene'er you walk the street.

JUST OPPOSITE DAY'S BOOK STORE.
10:33-tf.

THE LATEST SENSATION!

TELEGRAPHIC!

The President has not yet been Impeached, but

A. J. SOWERS

Has purchased an immense stock of

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING!

OVERCOATS,
PANTS,
VESTS,
HATS,
CAPS,
ETC., ETC.,

of the latest style and best workmanship. A choice stock of

NOTIONS!

Hosiery,
Collars,
Handkerchiefs,
Neck Ties,
Suspenders, etc.,

also on hand, which will be sold at astonishingly

LOW PRICES!

Call and see him before you buy elsewhere. He invariably satisfies all

WHO WISH TO PURCHASE!

Room in Allison's building, Waynesburg, Pa.
10:3-3m A. J. SOWERS.

DRY GOODS

AT

WHOLESALE.

M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.

NO. 54 WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Now offer to dealers their

FALL STOCK,

AT

LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

9:11-3m.

LAND SALE.

For sale, 1,500 acres of Timber Land, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, near Littleton Station, West Va., on which there is a Steam Saw Mill, Tannery and abundance of the best kind of Stave, Building and Stave Timber. Is rich and well adapted to grazing, and will be cut in parcels to suits purchasers. Apply to O. Marshall near the premises, or to Dawson Adams, Waynesburg, Greene County, Pa.
6:26-6m

Agents Wanted.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED—

TO SOLICIT ORDERS FOR A NEW ILLUSTRATED

BIBLE DICTIONARY.

(COMPLETE IN ONE VOLUME.)

This Dictionary embodies the result of the most recent study, research and investigation of about sixty-five of the most eminent and advanced Biblical Scholars now living. Clergymen of all denominations approve it, and regard it as the best work of its kind in the English language, and one which ought to be in the hands of every Bible reader in the land.

In circulating this work, agents will find a pleasant and profitable employment. The numerous objections which are usually encountered in selling ordinary works will not exist with this.

But on the contrary, encouragement and friendly aid will attend the Agent, making his labors agreeable, useful, and lucrative.

Ladies, retired Clergymen, School Teachers, Farmers, Students, and all others who possess energy, are wanted to assist in Canvassing every town and county in the country, to whom the most liberal inducements will be offered.

For particulars, apply to, or address,
PARMELEE BROTHERS,
722 Sansom Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
10:9 '67-6t.

ENERGETIC MEN AND LADIES WANTED TO CANVASS FOR THE

ORIGIN AND HISTORY OF THE

BOOKS OF THE BIBLE.

BY PROF. CALVIN E. STOWE, D. D.

Showing what the Bible is not; what it is, and how to use it; tracing the history of each book up to its origin with the inspired authors, and completely answering all Infidel cavils and objections to the Scriptures. It is an ordinary library of Biblical History in a single volume, brief, clear, accurate, conclusive and highly interesting. A master-piece of common sense. It is needed in every family where the Bible is read, as well as by every Sabbath School teacher, student and clergymen, and being the only book on the subject ever published or sold in this country, agents can easily see the advantage of canvassing for this work. Send for circulars containing notices and indorsements from leading ministers of all denominations. Address,

ZEIGLER, McCURDY & CO.,
No. 611 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
10:33-4m.

EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE COMPANY.

SALESROOM, 616 Broadway, N. Y.

No. 1 Family Machine. This machine has a straight needle, perpendicular action, makes the Lock or Shuttle Stitch, which will neither rip nor ravel, and is alike on both sides; performs perfect sewing on every description of material, with cotton, linen or silk thread.

It Hems, Fells, Binds, Braids, Tucks, Quilts, Plaits and Gathers. As a Family Machine, it has no superior. Price, with Hemmer and Braider, $40.

Particular attention is called to our New Improved Manufacturing Machines. They run light and are comparatively noiseless, simple, durable and efficient. For cloth or Leather work they have no competitors.

No. 2 Machine, with Hemmer and Braider, $75. No. 3 Machine, $85.

☞ Agents wanted, to whom a liberal discount will be given.
9:2-3mos.

PAINTS FOR FARMERS AND OTHERS

The Grafton Mineral Paint Co. are now manufacturing the Best, Cheapest, and most Durable Paint in use; two coats well put on, mixed with pure linseed oil, will last 10 or 15 years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, stone, drab, olive or cream, to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for Houses, Barns, Fences, Carriage and Car-makers, Pails and Wooden-ware, Agricultural Implements, Canal Boats, Vessels and Ships' Bottoms, Canvas, Metal and Shingle Roofs, (it being fire and water proof,) Floor Oil Cloths, (one manufacturer having used 5,000 bbls. the past year,) and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for body, durability, elasticity, and adhesiveness. Price $4 per bbl. of 300 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular which gives full particulars. None genuine unless branded in a trade mark Grafton Mineral Paint. Address DANIEL HOWELL,
9:18,'67-6m 251 Pearl Street, New York.

WANTED!

200 FARMERS!

To engage in a light and honorable business for the winter months, in the vicinity where they reside, which will net them from $50 to $1 50 per month.

For particulars apply to, or address PARMELEE BROS., 722 Sansom street, Philadelphia, Penn.
11:28-tf.

AGENTS WANTED FOR TWO OF THE best selling books ever published. One entitled "Mysteries of the Neapolitan Convents," by an Ex-Benedictine Nun, a true account of the inner life of the convents—the most thrilling and interesting work before the public. The other entitled "The Cottage Cyclopedia," a gem of intellectual wealth, and wanted in every family; complete in one large volume of over 1000 pages, illustrated. Send for circulars of terms, which are very liberal. A. M. HALE & Co.,
11:27-2t Hartford, Conn.

Miscellaneous.

SOMETHING NEW

IN WAYNESBURG, PENN'A.

THOS. BRADEN & CO.,

(At the store room formerly occupied by Andrew Wilson, Sr., next door to Braden's Drug Store.)

Respectfully informs the good people of Greene county, that they have opened a

HARDWARE STORE!

And invites a call from their friends and the public generally. Their store is filled with everything in their line needed by the farmer and mechanic. Being practical farmers, they know exactly the wants of their farmer friends. Among their variety of goods will be found Iron, Nails, of all kinds, Planes of all varieties, Augers, Braces, &c. Tuttle toothed, cross cut and mill saws, hand saws and tools of all descriptions.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Mowing Machines, Cutting Boxes, Corn Sheilers, Plows, Cultivators, Shovels, Forks, and everything in their line.

SADDLERY HARDWARE.

A general assortment of saddlery hardware, to which they invite the attention of purchasers.

WOODEN WARE OF ALL KINDS.

Tubs, Buckets, Butter Bowls and all kinds of Kitchen Wooden Fixin's. Willow Baskets, Brooms, Brushes, Coal Buckets, Brass Kettles, Buggy Whips, Shot guns, Boys Wagons and Sleds.

All persons desirous of purchasing any of the above articles and many others not mentioned, will consult their interest by

CALLING SOON.

They will take pleasure in showing their stock at all times. So give them a call when you come to town. Remember the place, opposite the First National Bank.
12:12-tf T. BRADEN & CO.

THE WONDER OF THE AGE!

TIME, MONEY AND LABOR SAVED!

THE LATEST & BEST CHURN!

One of the latest Patents, issued on the 11th day of September, 1866, to Wm. R. McCutcheon, of Washington, Iowa, will be on exhibition in a few days at

JOHN MUNNELL'S,

in Waynesburg, Pa. This CHURN must supercede anything of the kind heretofore produced. The simpleness of its construction, and its two-fold or reversed motion, that produces butter from three to six minutes must induce the community to examine its qualities. It saves time—it saves work—and produces as much butter as any churn in existence. Mr. Munnell has full power to sell rights for Pennsylvania or New York State as well as to furnish Churns to citizens of this county.

3:27-tf. MORRIS, ULLOM & CO., Agents

I. O. OF O. F.

HOSHIMKA LODGE, NO. 558.

Hall in Ganear's Building, East Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa. Time, Thursday evening, each week. dh.

Gift Enterprise.

THE WASHINGTON LIBRARY COMPANY—

PHILADELPHIA,

IS CHARTERED BY THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND ORGANIZED IN AID OF

THE RIVERSIDE INSTITUTE,

FOR EDUCATING GRATUITOUSLY

SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' ORPHANS,

Incorporated by the State of New Jersey,

APRIL 8th, 1867.

SUBSCRIPTION ONE DOLLAR.

The Washington Library Company, by virtue of their charter, and in accordance with its provisions, will distribute

THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS

IN PRESENTS

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS,

On WEDNESDAY, 8th of JANUARY, next,

AT PHILADELPHIA, PA.,

Or at the Institute, Riverside, N. J.

One Present, worth	$40,000
One Present, worth	20,000
One Present, worth	10,000
One Present, worth	5,000
Two Presents, worth $2,500 each	5,000
One Present, valued at	18,000
Two Presents, valued at $15,000 each	30,000
One Present, valued at	10,000
Four Presents, valued at $5,000 each	20,000
Two Presents, valued at $3,000 each	6,000
Three Presents, valued at $1,000 each	3,000
Twenty Presents, valued at $500 each	10,000
Ten Presents, valued at $300 each	3,000
Three Presents valued at $250 each	750
Twenty Presents, valued at $225 each	4,500
Fifty-five Presents, valued at $2,000 each	11,000
Fifty Presents, valued at $85 each	8,750
110 presents, valued at $100 each	11,000
Twenty Presents, valued at $75 each	1,500
Ten Presents, valued at $50 each	500
The remaining presents consists of articles of use and value, appertaining to the diffusion of Literature and the fine Arts	
	$2,000
Total,	$300,000

Each Certificate of Stock is Accompanied with a

BEAUTIFUL STEEL-PLATE ENGRAVING

WORTH MORE AT RETAIL THAN THE COST OF CERTIFICATE.

And also insures to holder a

PRESENT IN THE GREAT DISTRIBUTION.

SUBSCRIPTION ONE DOLLAR.

Any person sending us ONE DOLLAR, or paying the same to our local Agents, will receive immediately a Fine Steel-Plate Engraving, at choice from the following list, and One Certificate of Stock, insuring one present in the GREAT DISTRIBUTION.

ONE DOLLAR ENGRAVINGS.

No. 1—"My Child! My Child!" No. 2—"They're Saved! They're Saved!" No. 3—"Old Seventy-six; or, the Early Days of the Revolution."

Any person paying "two dollars" will receive either of the following Fine Steel-Plates, at choice, and Two Certificates of Stock, thus becoming entitled to Two Presents.

TWO DOLLAR ENGRAVINGS.

No. 1—"Washington's Courtship." No. 2—"Washington's last interview with his Mother."

THREE DOLLAR ENGRAVINGS.

Any person paying "Three Dollars" will receive the Beautiful Steel Plate of

"HOME FROM THE WAR,"

and Three Certificates of Stock, becoming entitled to Three presents.

FOUR DOLLAR ENGRAVINGS.

Any person paying "Four Dollars" shall receive the large and splendid Steel Plate of

"THE PERILS OF OUR FOREFATHERS,"

and Four Certificates of Stock, entitling them to Four Presents.

FIVE DOLLAR ENGRAVINGS.

Any persons who pay "Five Dollars," shall receive the large and splendid Steel Plate of

"THE MARRIAGE OF POCAHONTAS,"

and Five Certificates of Stock, entitling them to Five Presents.

The Engravings and Certificates will be delivered to to each subscriber at our local Agencies, or sent by mail, post paid, or express, as may be ordered.

—o—

HOW TO OBTAIN SHARES AND ENGRAVINGS.

Send orders to us by mail, enclosing from $1 to $20, either by Post Office orders, or in a registered letter, at our risk. Larger amounts should be sent by draft or express.

10 shares with Engravings	$ 9 50
25 shares with Engravings	23 50
50 shares with Engravings	46 50
75 shares with Engravings	69 00
100 shares with Engravings	92 00

Local Agents Wanted throughout the United States.

—o—

THE RIVERSIDE INSTITUTE,

Situate at Riverside, Burlington County, New Jersey, is founded for the purpose of gratuitously educating the sons of deceased Soldiers and Seamen of the United States.

The Board of Trustees consists of the following well-known citizens of Pennsylvania and New Jersey:—

Hon. WM. B. MANN,
District Attorney, Philadelphia, Pa.
Hon. LEWIS R. BROOMALL, Ex-Chief Comer U. S. Mint, and Recorder of Deeds, Phila. Pa.
Hon. JAS. M. SCOVEL, New Jersey.
Hon. W. W. WARE, New Jersey.
HENRY GORMAN, Esq.,
Agent Adams' Express, Phila. Pa.
J. E. COE, Esq., Of Joy, Coe & Co., Philadelphia.

—o—

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C., April 18, 1867.—Office of Internal Revenue:—Having received satisfactory evidence that the projectors of the enterprise conducted by the Washington Library Company will be devoted to charitable uses, permission is hereby granted to said Company to conduct such enterprise, exempt from all charge, whether from special tax or other duty. E. A. ROLLINS, Commissioner.

—o—

The Association have appointed as Receivers, Messrs. Geo. A. Cooke & Co., 33 South Third Street, Philadelphia, whose well known integrity and business experience will be a sufficient guarantee that the money entrusted to them will be promptly applied to the purpose stated.

PHILADELPHIA, May 20, 1867.

"To the Officers and Members of the Washington Library Company."

N. S. READ, Secretary—

Gentlemen:—On receipt of your favor of the 15, inst., notifying us of our appointment as Receivers for your Company, we took the liberty to submit a copy of your Charter, with a plan of your enterprise to eminent legal authority, and having received his favorable opinion in regard to its legality, and sympathizing with the benevolent object of your Association, viz: the education and maintenance of the orphan children of our soldiers and sailors of the Riverside Institute, we have concluded to accept the trust, and to use our best efforts to promote so worthy an object.

Respectfully yours, &c.,
GEO. A. COOKE & CO.

Address all letters and orders to
GEO. A. COOKE & CO., BANKERS,
33 South Third Street, Phila. Pa.
Receivers for the Washington Library Com.
11:13-3mo.

GROVESTEEN'S PIANOS,

GROVESTEEN'S PIANOS,

GROVESTEEN'S PIANOS,

499 Broadway, New York,

499 Broadway, New York,

499 Broadway New York,

Are unrivalled for DURABILITY, POWER and EVENNESS OF TONE. They are fast becoming the favorite over all others, with Musicians, Amateurs, and all lovers of GOOD MUSIC. They are warranted in every respect. Prices one-third lower than other first-class makers. Send for Circular. GROVESTEEN & CO.,
9:23-3mos. 499 Broadway, N. Y.